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No. 21,454 號四拾伍百肆仟壹萬貳第 日叁拾月叁年卯丁 HONG KONG, THURSDAY, APRIL 14th, 1927. 肆拜禮 日四拾月四年七廿百九仟壹英

PRICE: \$3 PER MONTH

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY. TIME-TABLE.

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Kowloon ...Dep.	6.40	8.05	8.30	9.15	10.30	12.00	1.15	2.30	3.45	5.00	6.15	7.30	8.45	10.00	11.15
Yamat ...Dep.	6.50	8.15	8.40	9.25	10.40	12.10	1.25	2.40	3.55	5.10	6.25	7.40	8.55	10.10	11.25
Shatin ...Dep.	7.02	8.27	8.52	9.37	10.52	12.22	1.37	2.52	4.07	5.22	6.37	7.52	9.07	10.22	11.37
Taipei ...Dep.	7.18	8.43	9.08	9.43	11.08	12.38	1.53	3.08	4.23	5.38	6.53	8.08	9.23	10.38	11.53
TaipeiMarket ...Dep.	7.21	8.46	9.11	9.46	11.11	12.41	1.56	3.11	4.26	5.41	6.56	8.11	9.26	10.41	11.56
Fanning ...Dep.	7.32	8.57	9.22	9.57	11.22	12.52	2.07	3.22	4.37	5.52	7.07	8.22	9.37	10.52	12.07
Shuangshui ...Dep.	7.36	9.01	9.26	10.01	11.26	12.56	2.11	3.26	4.41	5.56	7.11	8.26	9.41	10.56	12.11
Shuangshui ...Arr.	7.42	9.07	9.32	10.07	11.32	13.02	2.17	3.32	4.47	6.02	7.17	8.32	9.47	11.02	12.17
Canton ...Arr.	7.50	9.15	9.40	10.15	11.40	13.10	2.25	3.40	4.55	6.10	7.25	8.40	9.55	11.10	12.25

SHA TAU KOK RAILWAY.

	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Fanning ...Dep.	7.15	8.40	9.05	9.30	10.55	12.20	1.35	2.50	4.05	5.20	6.35	7.50	9.05	10.20	11.35
Shatankok ...Dep.	7.40	9.05	9.30	9.55	11.20	12.45	2.00	3.15	4.30	5.45	7.00	8.15	9.30	10.45	12.00
Shatankok ...Arr.	7.45	9.10	9.35	10.00	11.25	12.50	2.05	3.20	4.35	5.50	7.05	8.20	9.35	10.50	12.05

Further information may be obtained at the Railway Office, Kowloon, or from Messrs. The Orient & Eastern Steam Navigation Co., Ltd., or from The American Express Company, Hong Kong.

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MISSION PROPERTY DESTROYED.

FRESH OUTBREAK BY
KWANGSI MOB.

THREE SOCIETIES INVOLVED.

WUHSOW, March 28th.

Word has just reached here through a Chinese telegram that the premises belonging to the three Missions doing work in the city of Kuellin have been looted and wrecked. No details are to hand as to the wanton destruction of Mission property but it would appear from the wording of the telegram that each of the three missions have suffered severely and that the work of destruction was thorough.

At the present time the three Societies having work in the city are, the Southern Baptist Convention, The Church Missionary Society and The Christian and Missionary Alliance. The Church Missionary Society and the Christian and Missionary Alliance commenced work in the city about the same time, some 30 years ago, the former Society locating in the north of the city and thus forming a link to their work in the adjacent province of Hunan, and the latter Society locating in the south of the city and gradually extending its work south and south-west. The Alliance Mission opened up Sunday and street schools in three places in the city, schools of kindergarten, and primary grades were also opened, and later a Women's Bible School was started. Two missionary residences were also erected.

HOSPITAL ATTENDED BY MULTITUDES.

The Church Missionary Society besides carrying on the regular pastoral mission work, opened a hospital where for years they were alone in relieving the distress of multitudes who sought treatment for various diseases that had baffled the skill of the native physicians. Several schools of various grades for both boys and girls were also opened.

Later the Baptist Mission also opened work in the city and located in the western section where schools, missionary residences, and a large hospital were soon erected and became the centre of much missionary activity.

Canton Spells Anarchy.

When the Canton government extended its domains to include the province of Kwangsi followed by anti-foreign and anti-Christian agitation accompanied by minor outbreaks of lawlessness over which it appeared the authorities had no control, or were secretly abetting the agitators, it gradually became necessary to close the schools. And when in obedience to consular advice, missionaries had to leave the interior, the work was entrusted to the Chinese helpers who have since carried it on with remarkable efficiency, and loyalty to duty. For practically the whole of the present year there had been no missionaries residing in the city, and it was thought that the feeling of animosity had practically died down. It was therefore with much surprise that Mission authorities received the present wire "Three Missions completely wrecked and everything looted." It is to be hoped that in the excitement of the hour the report has been exaggerated, but the Mission authorities are anxiously awaiting the arrival of the mail that will bring details of the tragic event.

More Chapels Looted.

Recent wires from Kuellin reached this port to-day informing Mission Headquarters that two more chapels have been looted, and intimates that the local Kuomintang have forcibly taken possession of the looted buildings. The chapels looted are situated in the market towns of Hoi-Yung-Ping and Ko-Sheung-Ping respectively and are about one day's journey from the city of Kuellin where the chapels of three Missionary Societies were looted a few days ago. It is presumed that the investigators of the looting were the same as took the leading hand in Kuellin. The wires indicate that no one was hurt, the property only being damaged.—N.C. Daily News.

NEW DIVISIONS IN HANKOW.

BORODIN'S VIOLENT ANTI-
FOREIGN SPEECHES.

There are no British men-of-war in the Yangtze above Hankow at the present time, all of these having proceeded down-river during the past week, says last Saturday's North China Daily News.

From Hankow comes the report that the Japanese Concession is still strongly held by Japanese Naval parties and that there are, as far as can be ascertained, no Chinese in the Concession.

Military v. Labour.

The British community there is also being reduced to essential numbers, and according to authentic reports the local split of the Nationalist party is apparently developing into one between the military and the Labour Bureau. The military is taking the lead in the question by making violently anti-foreign speeches.

Wuhu is reported to be with the prospect of continuing peace owing to the report that General Wang Pu will remain with his troops in place of General Lee. About 3,000 of Lee's troops are in and about Wuhu, and as they are described by those who have seen them as a low type of soldier, badly equipped and with a record of looting, anxiety is felt lest they should get out of hand. It is also feared that looting of unoccupied houses will take place. A clash was, fortunately, averted between troops of different sections now in Wuhu. General Lee whose arrival has been awaited with some uncertainty is now not expected to come to Wuhu, but is reported to be going direct to Peking.

Wuhu C.P.'s Designs.

A disturbing element in the situation is to be found in the report made by the captain of U.S.S. Stewart that the Wuhu Political Bureau had wired to Hankow for permission to seize British and American property, but as there has been no additional confirmation of this, it is hoped that the present measure of quiet will obtain.

Latest reports from Nanking show that the situation there is unchanged. Only a small number of troops crossed to Pukow during the last two days, though it is reported that Nationalist forces have now reached Linhaiwan. H.M.S. "Wolver" is anchored at the Shanghai-Nanking Railway slipway and letters have been sent to the Senior Military Officer informing him that S.N.R. engines must not be sent across the river. Verbal messages to this effect have been delivered to the Station Master.

Strike At Ningpo.

All Europeans are now without servants in Ningpo. Chinese staffs of foreign firms are also on strike, and a general strike is threatened for April 10th. The situation there is quiet otherwise, and H.M.S. "Scorpio" has relieved H.M.S. "Kestrel" which arrived in Shanghai yesterday.

Two Chinese cruisers arrived in Chinkiang and one gunboat on Thursday afternoon from Kiangyin and are reported to be on their way to Nanking. Intensive movements of troops are taking place on the foreshore and landing place, apparently awaiting transport to the north shore.

WHAT LEAP YEAR COSTS.

£2200,000 FOR AN EXTRA DAY
IN THE ARMY.

In moving the Army Estimates in the House of Commons Sir L. Worthington-Evans said this year £2200,000 of expenditure was accounted for by the fact that 1928 was leap year, involving an extra day.

More candidates were wanted for the Army Medical Corps. Hospital service was to count, and after seven years an officer might retire with a gratuity of £1,000. Housing problems in the Army were as acute as among civilians. It was proposed to spend £195,000 on cottages on Salisbury Plain, but only £10,000 this year.

More money would have to be spent on mechanisation, and much more should be spent in subsequent years. He hoped to save from the cavalry this year £20,000, rising to £237,000 when the full effect was realised, and by the abolition of bounties in the Territorial Army he hoped to save this year £24,000, rising to £232,000 in a few years' time.

DIARY OF EVENTS.

To-day.
Maundy Thursday.
Religious Services: St. John's Cathedral, Holy Communion, 7.45 a.m.; Matins, 10.15 a.m.
H.K.C.C. Tennis Tournament (details in sports column daily).
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, Hotel Savoy and Cafe Parisien, 4.30 p.m.
Kowloon Bowling Green Club annual meeting, Club House, 5.45 p.m.
Diocesan Old Girls' Association, first annual meeting, School Hall, 6 p.m.
Dinner dance, Cafe Parisien, 8 p.m.
H.M.S. Dance dance, Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, 8.30 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "Are Parents People?"
World Theatre: "The New Devil."
Star Theatre: "The Lucky Devil."
Principal Mails:—Inward: U.S.A., etc. (Korea Mail). Outward: Canada, U.S.A., etc. Europe via San Francisco and via Siberia (President Jackson), 5 p.m.

Friday.
Good Friday.
Religious Services:—St. John's Cathedral: Litany and Ante-Communion, 10 a.m.; Matins and Sermon, 11 a.m.; Preacher: Rev. W. P. Cannell, subject, "The Loneliness of Christ." Meditation on the Passion, noon to 3 p.m. (Rev. H. Copley Moyle); Elysium, 6 p.m.
Golf: Easter Meeting; Shanghai Visitors' Cup (Fanning).
Lawn Bowls: At Civil Service Cricket Club; Kowloon Bowling Green Club v. Kowloon Cricket Club.

Cricket: Kowloon C.C. v. United Services (first day).
Football: Club v. South China (League: Division I), Club ground, 4.30 p.m.; Club Res. v. St. Joseph's College, Club ground, 3 p.m.; Chinese Athletic "B" v. R.A. Reserves at Sookumpoo, 3 p.m. (Both Matches League: Division II. "A").
Vocal and Instrumental Recital, St. John's Cathedral, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "The Big Parade."
World Theatre: "Charley's Aunt."
Star Theatre: "Our Hospitality."
Principal Mails:—Outward: Australia, etc. (Change), 10.30 a.m.

Saturday.
Golf: Easter Meeting; Shanghai Visitors' Cup (Fanning).
Cricket: Kowloon Cricket Club v. United Services (second day); all day match at I.R.C. Captain's "Vice-Captain's team."
Football:—Lai Wah Cup: Civilians v. China (H.K.F.C. ground), 4.30 p.m.
2nd Extra Race Meeting, Happy Valley (first day).
Tea Dances: H.K. Hotel, Hotel Savoy and Cafe Parisien, 4.30 p.m.
Dinner dance, Cafe Parisien, 8 p.m.

7th Boxing Tournament, Theatre Royal, 9.15 p.m.
Queen's Theatre: "The Big Parade."
World Theatre: "Charley's Aunt."
Star Theatre: "Our Hospitality."
Principal Mails:—Inward: Europe via Siberia (Siberian Mail) and Outward: Europe via Marseilles (Devonian), 10.30 a.m.

Sunday.
Easter Day.
Fanning Hunt Meet, Kwanti, 9.30 a.m.
Golf: Easter Meeting; Shanghai Visitors' Cup (Fanning).
Volunteer Annual Rifle Meeting, Stonecutters' Range.
Principal Mails:—Inward: U.S.A., etc. (President McKinley), Europe via Suez (Khiva), Outward: Europe via Siberia (Khiva), 8.30 p.m.

Monday.
Bank Holiday.
Cricket: Hong Kong v. United Services, H.K.C.C. ground, 11 a.m.
Volunteer Annual Rifle Meeting, Stonecutters' Range.
2nd Extra Race Meeting, Happy Valley (second day).
Golf: Easter Meeting; Shanghai Visitors' Cup (Fanning).
Entries close for Trevelyan Trophy Race.
Lawn Bowls: K.C.C. v. K.B.G.C.

WEATHER REPORT.

Yesterday's weather report, forecast and remarks, issued by the Royal Observatory at 5.45 p.m., stated:

An anti-cyclone extends from Manchuria to Central Japan. Depression are situated N.E. of Formosa and over Tongking.
Local forecast: S. or variable winds, moderate, cloudy, showery.

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[A.P.B.]

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OUTLINE OF THE COMMUNIST PLOT.

ATTEMPT TO DESTROY THE KUOMINTANG.

NANKING ONLY A REHEARSAL.

BRITISH TROOPS UPSET THE AGITATORS' TIME-TABLE.

[BY GEORGE E. SOKOLSKY.]

SHANGHAI, April 10th.
Conferences are being held daily among Kuomintang leaders to solve the party question, whether the Kuomintang and the Communist Party shall continue to function jointly. From Canton, Right Wing members have come to Shanghai to impress upon General Chiang Kai Shek the importance of a speedy and fundamental split. Mr. Wang Ching Wei has been losing in popularity every day because his compromising tendencies do not suit the times. Men want not a compromise but a fundamental struggle. He has conferred with Hu Han Min, his erstwhile bitter enemy, once a friend, on the split and it is understood that in that direction it was made clear that compromise is impossible. The military commanders, under General Chiang, insist upon speedy, certain, positive action against the Communist Party. So far only one clear-cut suggestion has appeared and that one is weak. It is to call another Plenary Session in Nanking to separate the parties, to divide Kuomintang from the Communist Party; to ask the Communist Party to leave the National Government.

The utility of the conferences and conversations and talk can perhaps only be apparent to the bystander. While the Kuomintang is adhering to party regulations and constitutional formulae the Communist Party is forwarding its mass organization. Hankow has been scrambled into sheer chaos, so that should the Kuomintang ever have to assume responsibility it would take a generation to change the moral attitude of those who have enjoyed the Wuhan debauch of freedom.

A Communist Dress Rehearsal.
But Communist Party activity in Wuhan, Nanking, Changsha are but dress rehearsals of the revolution. The only place in China which is exactly suited for their destructive work is Shanghai and Wush and perhaps Hangchow, that is, the industrial centres where there are industries to nationalize and a proletariat to throw into a war of class hatred, not Chinese labourers against foreign employees, but Chinese against Chinese. Chinese coggle against Chinese capitalism.

This fundamental fact in the present situation, this beginning of an economic struggle, directed by the Third International, every step of which will be guarded and watched by a Russian Communist, experienced in the ways of destruction, is being overlooked and disregarded by the Kuomintang leaders and by the Chinese generally, who still move in a haze of old language and old political ideas.

The presence of the Shanghai Defence Forces has, of course, seriously interfered with the Communist Party plans. They did not expect that Britain would act alone or that the Powers would associate themselves with Britain. They functioned on the formula that international jealousies would give the Communists in Hankow ample time to reach Shanghai and to destroy its economic basis—in a day to impoverish the entire capitalist population of Shanghai by the depreciation of land values and the destruction of capital values of industries.

A Bad Miscalculation.
They were certain that, even if Britain sent a small force, street fighting, general strikes and the havoc of armed civilians would so destroy the peace of the city that economic activity would cease. It was not the withdrawal of capital that was sought, but its destruction first by limiting and eventually by eliminating its uses. Capital would become as worthless as it was in 1920 in Russia. In this way, they would present to the world a picture of China fighting for independence from militarism and imperialism while the foreigners in China were demanding guaranteed profits and were exploiting the labourers in their own interests!

Such a picture would have appealed to those in all western countries who reason not from facts but emotionally on the basis of slogans manufactured by the Third International and foisted upon a world which has not yet learned to defend itself from political plagues. That this grandiose scheme failed is but an accident of history. It might have succeeded had not the mobs of the Yangtze River ports played too hard in the preliminaries while they were training for the grand event in Shanghai. The Nanking incident brought in America. Other incidents are bringing in all the Powers of the West.

The sum total of Communist activity has been to bring to China the largest foreign military force this country has ever seen and to bring such a force not for mere patrolling but for the protection of life and property. The industrial and banking centres of Shanghai are safe from the Communist programme. Not only the industries and banks and shop investments of foreigners but the much greater capital investments of Chinese are safe, protected by the Shanghai Defence Forces. These facts cannot be disregarded in any summary of the situation.

Kuomintang Waste Time.
But outside of the foreign settlements in Shanghai, the Kuomintang is struggling with the Communist Party to maintain some vestige of order, and while the Communist Party is strongly organized and well-directed, the Kuomintang are wasting invaluable time. They are playing with political forms, while their enemies are strengthening their claws into the economic foundation of society.

In Wush the mills are already feeling the pinch of Communist activity. In Hangchow, there has been a struggle with a Communist union closed, but the final results are to be seen in the weeks to come. Chapei is not altogether saved although General Pei Chung Hsi is making, slowly, too slow, efforts to save that area from Communist domination. Nanking is dominated by the Political Department of the Sixth Army, a Communist organization which is definitely responsible for the attempted massacre in that city. Ningpo is apparently safe for the moment.

C.P. Concentrating On Shanghai.

The Communist Party is concentrating on Shanghai. The principal leaders of the party are here. Russian Communists are arriving from Hankow and have been seen on the streets of the Settlement. As long as the split between General Chiang Kai Shek and the Communists continues to widen, the Ministers of the Communist Government in Hankow and the foreign direct representatives of the Third International will not come here. For they cannot operate freely in General Chiang's area and it is now doubtful whether they will be permitted to operate in the International Settlement, although that was expected on the assumption that the jealousies of the Powers would make action against them here impossible.

The Chinese Communist Party, however, can work freely, particularly in their economic struggle which is their basic task. Here they have all the forms of economic life which approximate to that system of society which they seek to destroy. Here the industrial revolution has made itself effective and the workers have already achieved a measure of class consciousness and unity of purpose, under their leadership.

It is fatuous to disregard this economic struggle and to keep worrying only about politics. The Communist Party employ Left Wing Kuomintang so-called great men to play politics, while they delve deep into the mass desire to destroy what other men have erected by decades of labour. That is the movement to watch and understand at the present time.—N.C. Daily News.

SAIGON RICE MARKET. VERY WEAK.

The report of the Compagnie de Commerce et de Navigation d'Extrême-Orient dated Saigon, April 7th states:—
Our market continues very weak and the prices have made a slight drop since our last report. There is practically no demand from Europe either for rice or for broken rice.
The total amount of rice exported from January 1st to March 31st, 1927, is 424,038,635 tons against 322,985,358 tons in 1926.
We quote today: White Saigon rice No. 1 25% broken round grain: Hong Kong \$7.35 per picul of 134 lbs. f.o.b. Saigon; \$0.12/7 per cwt. f.o.b. Saigon; yen 7.55 per picul of 134 lbs. f.o.b. Saigon. White Saigon rice No. 2 sifted, Japan quality: Hong Kong \$6.75 per picul of 134 lbs. f.o.b. Saigon; \$0.11/8 per cwt. f.o.b. Saigon; yen 7.00 per picul of 134 lbs. f.o.b. Saigon. For April/May shipment.

HONG KONG STOCK EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

APRIL 13th, 1927.	
H.K. Bank	21.05 nom.
Do.	21.05 nom.
Chartered Bank	22.1 nom.
Merchants Bank & S.S.	22.1 nom.
Do.	22.1 nom.
E. & O. Bank	22.1 nom.
East Asia Bank	22.1 nom.
Canton Insurance	22.1 nom.
China Underwriters	22.1 nom.
North China Ins.	22.1 nom.
Union Insurance	22.1 nom.
Yangtze Insurance	22.1 nom.
China Fire Insurance	22.1 nom.
Hong Kong Fire Ins.	22.1 nom.
Douglases	22.1 nom.
Steamboats	22.1 nom.
Hong Kong Ship	22.1 nom.
Indo-China (Prod.)	22.1 nom.
Do.	22.1 nom.
Shell Transport	22.1 nom.
Star Lines	22.1 nom.
Waterboats	22.1 nom.
China Sugars	22.1 nom.
Malayan Sugars	22.1 nom.
Bengal Sugars	22.1 nom.
Kasim Mining	22.1 nom.
Langkats (combined)	22.1 nom.
Do. (angle)	22.1 nom.
S.S. Explorations	22.1 nom.
Shanghai Loans	22.1 nom.
Hankow	22.1 nom.
Trunk Lines	22.1 nom.
Ural Cables	22.1 nom.
H.K. & W. Yards	22.1 nom.
H.K. & W. Docks	22.1 nom.
Hongkong	22.1 nom.
New Engineering	22.1 nom.
Shanghai Docks	22.1 nom.
H.K. & S. Hotels	22.1 nom.
H.K. Lands	22.1 nom.
Hong Kong Realty	22.1 nom.
H.K. Mortgages	22.1 nom.
Empire's Estate	22.1 nom.
Prince's Buildings	22.1 nom.
Rural Lands	22.1 nom.
Ewo Cottons	22.1 nom.
Oriental	22.1 nom.
Shanghai Cottons (old)	22.1 nom.
Do. (new)	22.1 nom.
China Inds.	22.1 nom.
H.K. Tramways	22.1 nom.
Peak Tram (old)	22.1 nom.
Do. (new)	22.1 nom.
Singapore Traction	22.1 nom.
Taxis	22.1 nom.
Amusements	22.1 nom.
Canton Inds.	22.1 nom.
Cement (combined)	22.1 nom.
Do. (old)	22.1 nom.
Do. (new)	22.1 nom.
China Light (comb.)	22.1 nom.
Do. (old)	22.1 nom.
Do. (new)	22.1 nom.
China Provident	22.1 nom.
Construction	22.1 nom.
Dairy Farms	22.1 nom.
Der-Wing	22.1 nom.
H.K. Electric	22.1 nom.
Macao Electric	22.1 nom.
H.K. Ropes (old)	22.1 nom.
Do. (new)	22.1 nom.
Lane Offshoots	22.1 nom.
Mackintosh	22.1 nom.
Sinews	22.1 nom.
United Abattoirs	22.1 nom.
Wacana (old)	22.1 nom.
Wm. Foralls	22.1 nom.
Telephones	22.1 nom.
buy—buyers; sell—sellers; sa—sales	nom.—nominal.

EXCHANGE.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

April 13th, 1927.	
On London	2/0 3/4
Telegraphic Transfer	2/0 3/4
Bank Bills on demand	2/0 3/4
Bank Bills at 30 days sight	2/0 3/4
Bank Bills at 4 months sight	2/0 3/4
night	2/0 3/4
Credita. at 4 months sight	2/1 3/16
Documentary Bills	2/1 3/16
months sight	2/1 3/16
On New York	49
Bank Bills on demand	49
Bank Bills at 30 days sight	49
On Bombay	135 1/2
Telegraphic Transfer	135 1/2
Bank Bills on demand	135 1/2
On Calcutta	135 1/2
Telegraphic Transfer	135 1/2
Bank Bills on demand	135 1/2
On Shanghai	nom.
Private, 30 days sight	nom.
On Yokohama	89 1/2
On Manila	89 1/2
On Singapore	87
On Batavia	123
On Hongkong	nom.
On Saigon	nom.
On Bangkok	92 1/2
Sovereigns, Bank's Buying rate	92.50
Gold Leaf, 100 fine, per tael	16 1/16
Bar Silver, per oz.	16 1/16

HONG KONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS.

[ORDERS BY LT.-COL. L. G. BIRD, D.S.O.,
ADMINISTRATIVE COMMANDANT.]

No. 272

1.—Recruits Parade.

On Tuesday, April 19th, all recruits of the Corps will parade at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m.
Dress: Uniform optional, belt, rifle and bayonet.

2.—Lecture.

On Friday, April 22nd, at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. a lecture on Aerial Survey will be given by O.C. Military Survey Section, Royal Engineers.

All ranks are invited to be present.

3.—Signal Class.

Signal Class will be held at Corps Headquarters at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, April 21st, under 2/Lieut. M. G. Noll.

4.—Artillery Company.

The Company will parade at Volunteer Headquarters on Tuesday, April 19th, at 5.30 p.m. for instruction in Musketry on Miniature Range.

All those who failed last season in Parts I. and II. are specially requested to attend.

Members of the Company are reminded that Part I. Musketry will take place on Sunday, April 24th, at Stonecutters for those who have not yet fired this season.

5.—Engineer Company.

The Miniature Range at Corps Headquarters is at the disposal of the Engineer Company on every Wednesday at 5.30 p.m.

6.—Artillery and Engineer Companies.

Musketry Part I. will be fired by the above Companies at Stonecutters Range on Sunday, April 24th, 1927.

Range Officer: 2/Lieut. M. G. Noll.

As this is the last Sunday allotted to these Companies for Part I., all those who have not fired must endeavour to attend.

Launch will leave Murray Pier at 9 a.m. and call at Kowloon Pier at 9.10 a.m.

Dress: Uniform or multi optional, but rifle, bayonet, pouches, braces and belts must be taken as the whole Part I. Course must be fired in drill order, whether over uniform or multi.

Arms must be drawn from Corps Headquarters on Friday, April 22nd, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon, or 2 and 4 p.m., or 5 and 6 p.m.; and on Saturday, April 23rd, between 9 a.m. and 1 p.m.

7.—Scottish Company.

April 21st, 1927, at 5.30 p.m.
All Platoons at Corps Headquarters for Musketry:

No. 5 Platoon: Miniature Range, Tests Nos. 1 and 3.

No. 6 Platoon: Kennedy Road Range, Tests Nos. 4 and 6.

No. 7 Platoon: Parade Ground, Tests Nos. 2 and 5.

Platoon Commanders are responsible that all members of their platoons pass the preliminary musketry tests before firing Part II.

8.—Portuguese Company.

There will be no parade for Portuguese Company Trained Men on Good Friday, April 15th.

Next parade will be held on Friday, April 22nd, at 5.30 p.m. at Volunteer Headquarters.

9.—Strength.

The following are taken on the strength and posted as under:—

No. 1199 Pte. A. C. Wilkinson, No. 2 Platoon, dated April 11th, 1927.

No. 1200 Pte. C. R. Logan, No. 6 Platoon, dated April 11th, 1927.

No. 1501 Pte. J. Woodier, No. 4 Platoon, dated April 12th, 1927.

No. 1502 Pte. H. A. Barros, No. 9 Platoon, dated April 12th, 1927.

No. 1503 Pte. J. J. Xavier, No. 10 Platoon, dated April 12th, 1927.

No. 1504 Pte. D. Bautista, No. 10 Platoon, dated April 12th, 1927.

10.—Promotions and Appointments.

The following promotions and appointments will take effect from April 12th, 1927:—

Artillery Company.
No. 893 Gnr. A. S. Hersee to be Lance Bombardier.

Portuguese Company.
No. 949 Sergt. J. S. Rodrigues to be Company Sergeant Major.

No. 950 L/Cpl. J. V. dos Remedios to be Company Quartermaster Sergeant.

No. 953 Corpl. J. H. Lawrence to be Sergeant.

No. 955 L/Cpl. E. A. Remedios to be Sergeant.

No. 951 L/Cpl. J. Ward to be Corporal.

No. 958 Pte. A. A. Remedios to be Lance-Corporal.

No. 950 Pte. J. A. Delgado to be Lance-Corporal.

No. 948 Pte. A. M. B. Rocha to be Lance-Corporal.
No. 1050 Pte. W. C. Ogley to be Lance-Corporal.

11.—Transfers.

No. 1008 Bugler A. L. S. Read is transferred from Drum and Fife Band to the Medical Section, as from April 12th, 1927.

No. 973 Bugler R. F. G. Jones, No. 974 Bugler B. J. Yalland and No. 1001 Bugler C. S. Pile are transferred from Drum and Fife Band to No. 2 Platoon, as from April 12th, 1927.

12.—Leaves.

Capt. Sir Eric Stuart-Taylor, O.B.E., rejoined from leave on April 12th, 1927.

No. 897 Pte. J. Chatterton, A.C. Company, rejoined from leave on April 12th, 1927.

No. 17 C.S.M. R. J. Everest, Engineer Co., from April 12th, 1927, to February 15th, 1928.

No. 1099 Pte. A. E. McCartney, M.I. Co., from April 10th, 1927, to January 8th, 1928.

No. 377 L/Cpl. F. N. Doodha, A.C. Co., from April 12th, 1927, to June 11th, 1927.

No. 807 L/Cpl. J. G. Hooper, Engineer Co., from April 10th, 1927, to February 15th, 1928.

13.—Officers For Range Duty.

The details of Officers on Firing Point duty during the Corps Rifle Meeting is as follows:—

Sunday, April 17th—9 a.m. to 1 p.m., 2/Lt. S. Jarvis, M.C.; 1 p.m. to 5 p.m., 2/Lt. H. Owen Hughes.

Monday, April 18th—9 a.m. to 1 p.m., Lt. R. S. Morrison; 1 p.m. to 5 p.m., Lt. E. J. R. Mitchell.

R. A. Wolfe-Murray, Major, Adjutant, H.K.V.D.C.

Hong Kong, April 14th, 1927.

NOTICES.

1.

A meeting of all Company Commanders and as many Officers as possible will take place at Volunteer Headquarters on Monday, April 24th, at 5.30 p.m. to discuss the future Training Programme of the Corps.

2.—South China Command, Rifle Meeting.

The following events taking place on May 3rd are open to the Hong Kong Volunteer Defence Corps:

Match No. 2.—Company and Battery Matches. (Scottish Co., Infantry Co., and Reserve Co. combined count as a Company for this Competition.)

Remainder of Corps count as another Company. Two teams per Company may enter.

Match No. 3.—Individual.

Match No. 4.—Pool Shoot.

The full details of conditions see Corps Notice Board, Entries, and fees to Orderly Room by April 19th, 1927.

3.—Rifle Meeting.

The annual rifle meeting will be held at Stonecutters Range on April 17th and 18th (Easter Sunday and Easter Monday).

Launches will leave Murray Pier at 9 a.m., 9.30 a.m., 9.30 a.m. and 1.30 p.m., and call at Kowloon Pier 10 minutes later.

Ammunition will be drawn from the Committee Tent 10 minutes before each competition.

Those wishing to have tiffin provided for them on either day must inform the Hon. Secretary not later than Thursday, April 14th, and enclose \$1.50 charge for tiffin.

Uniform compulsory for all Competitors.

Competitors must draw their rifles from the Volunteer Store on Thursday, 14th, between 9 a.m. and 12 noon, or 2 and 4 p.m. or 5 and 8 p.m.

These times are, of course, only approximate:

Sunday, April 17th.

9.00 a.m. Corps Championship.

9.00 " Tyro Competition.

11.30 " Jr Competition.

2.00 p.m. Rifle Competition.

3.30 " Reserve Challenge Cup.

4.00 " Attack Competition.

Monday, April 18th.

9.00 a.m. Musketry Competition.

11.00 " Blake Shield Competition.

2.00 p.m. Francis Cup Competition.

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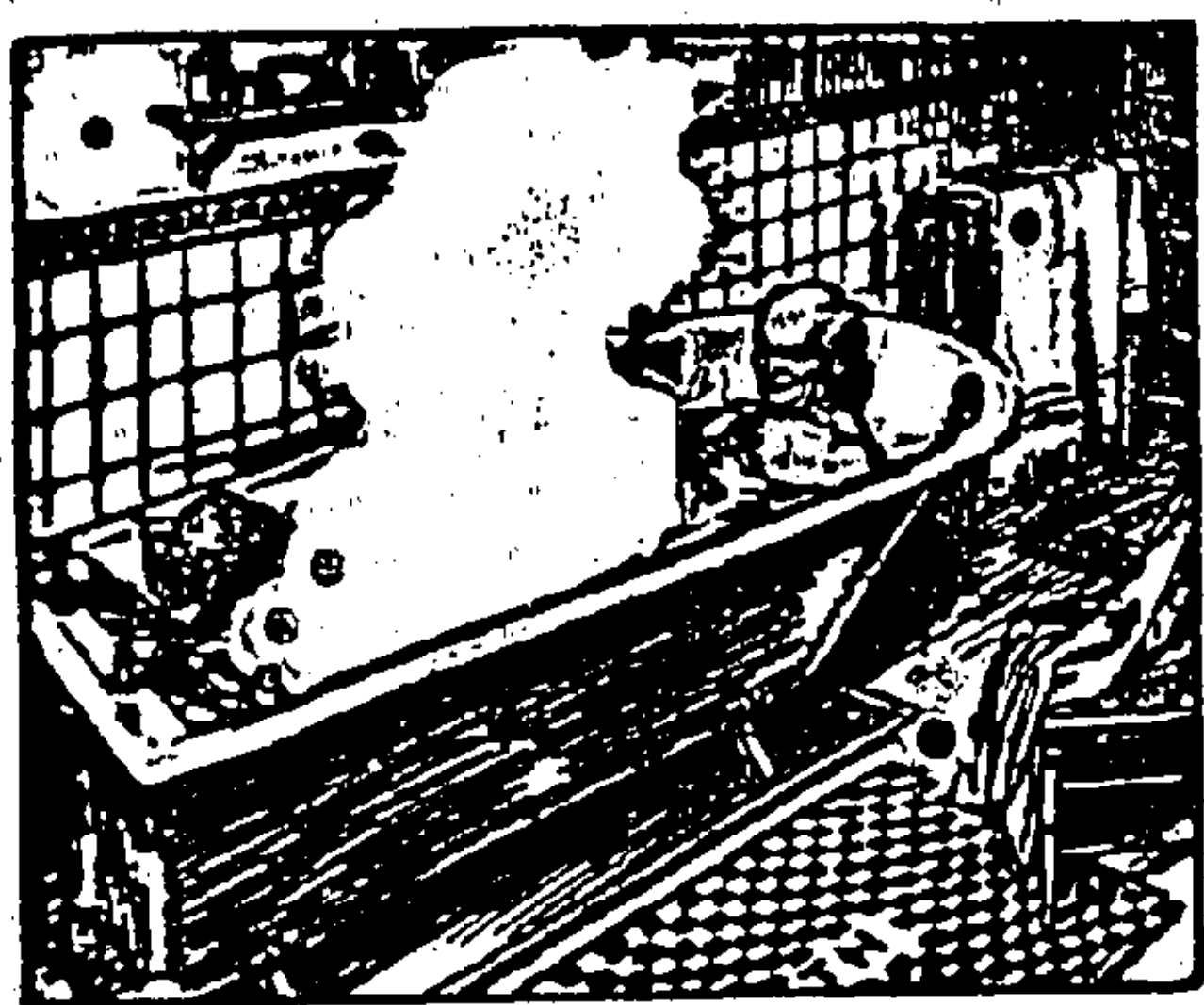
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N. SZECHUEN ROAD SHOOTING.

JAPANESE SOLDIERS
SNIPED BY CHINESE.

BRITISH ARMoured CAR
INVOLVED.

Just before midnight on Thursday night last week, says the *North China Daily News*, parties lurking in Chinese territory, of whom some are alleged to have been Southern soldiers, opened fire on Japanese marines on guard at the Dah Tuh Lee alleyway, Shanghai, near the Odeon Theatre and also fired shots at a British armoured car which came up after the shooting had commenced. The fire was returned and the Chinese gunmen retreated.

As a result of this incident 700 additional Japanese marines were landed the following day from the cruiser *Yakuma* and are now billeted in the Japanese school, North Szechuen Road Extension.

The British official version of the miniature battle is to the effect that two British armoured cars were requested by the Japanese to throw their search lights down Burchet Road, which is a road running at right angles to North Szechuen Road, they did so and were immediately fired on. The fire came from four rifles.

Two Chinese Casualties.

The British fired four rounds of machine-gun fire and two Chinese were seen to fall. The Japanese manned the post and fired 160 rounds. One Japanese marine was wounded but there were no casualties to the British and no damage sustained by the armoured cars.

The Japanese have taken over the Odeon Theatre, and now about 900 of their number are quartered in that place.

After that night's activity, Municipal Police, raided a number of houses on Range Road, some thought to have been occupied by Cantonese and others by Russian Reds. The raids began about 4 p.m. and lasted until nearly dark.

It is understood in official circles that these raids are not devoid of good effects. They bring into effect a strong suspicion on the part of malcontents, that the forces of law and order are on their "trail," that they cannot continue with their nefarious practices.

Hongkong police station, the busiest station in the Settlement in charge of Inspector Mackenzie, will have action in the near future, is the prophecy of officers in the vicinity. On Friday last 12 armed men were taken into custody, as well as several personal suspected of burglary.

MOTHER SUPERIOR'S GOLDEN JUBILEE.

FORMERLY IN HONG KONG.

The Rev. Mother Isabel Segreira, the venerable Lady Superior of the St. Anthony's Convent, Middle Road, Singapore, on April 2nd, celebrated the golden jubilee of her profession as a Nun of the Cansian Institute.

Born in Macao 74 years ago of a Portuguese family, she took the veil at the Noviciate at Hong Kong when she was 24 years old.

After five years in Hong Kong, she was sent to Timor, Dili, where she put in 20 years of work, eventually rising to be the Lady Superior, and in the same position she was transferred in 1912 to Singapore, where she has remained ever since.

The Rev. Mothers from Macao and Malacca came down specially for the celebrations. On Saturday morning in the Convent Chapel a high mass was performed by the Vicar General of the Portuguese Missions, and at the conclusion a Te Deum service was held, attended by all the pupils and parents and friends of the Convent.—*The Straits Times*.

MR. GANDHI HAS A STROKE.

APOPLEXY CAUSED BY
OVERWORK.

Bombay, March 29th.
Mr. Gandhi, who was suddenly taken ill at Nipani, is now better. The doctors who examined him are of opinion that Mr. Gandhi has had a mild stroke of apoplexy, due to high blood pressure, as a result of continuous overwork, and have advised him to cancel his South Indian programmes.

The blood pressure continued to be high throughout yesterday, but Mr. Gandhi insisted on spinning, and wrote an article in "Cow Protection for Young India."

PIRATES ON THE UPPER YANGTSE.

TWO STEAMERS LOOTED BETWEEN
CHUNGKING AND ICHANG.

CAPTAIN NARROWLY
ESCAPES DEATH.

ICHANG, March 29th.

The river between here and Chungking bids fair soon to become as notorious for pirating as is the West River. During the last three days two ships have been very completely looted, writes a *N.C. Daily News* correspondent.

The first was the *Woo-shing*, belonging to the San Peh Co., and a new ship. She went aground during the first day out from Ichang and was boarded that same night, and everything of value taken. The other was the *Ping-fuk*, a Chinese owned vessel, but sailing under the Italian flag. She left here late in the evening and anchored for the night at Pin Shan Pa, the Customs station in the Ichang gorge. About 11 o'clock two large sampans arrived alongside in which were 26 men, and soon they were busy at their nefarious work. They seized Captain Ollansen, the only foreigner on board, and tied his hands behind his back, and he thought his end was near when he saw three revolvers staring him in the face.

His belongings were all stolen, and when they had finished with the ship, they took the Captain on shore, as he supposed, to kill him. However, one of the pirates spoke on his behalf and they afterwards released him, and he brought the ship back to Ichang this morning. There were two Chinese killed, one of whom was a military officer, and one wounded seriously in the head. The local authorities sent away troops this morning to try and get the brigands but it is easy for them to disappear into the hills.

CHILD WELFARE WORK IN SINGAPORE.

EXCELLENT PROGRESS
REPORTED.

Under the presidency of Lady Guillemard the annual general meeting of the Singapore Child Welfare Society was held at Government House, and there was a representative attendance.

Details Of The Work.

An address was given by Mrs. Ferguson Davis, who said that in 1925 over 5,000 visits were paid to homes by health visitors: in 1926 the number of visits was doubled.

The attendances at the Telok Ayer centre reached nearly 6,000 against 4,300 in 1925. The attendances at the new centre in Jalan Besar were 6,537 in 1926 against 1,653 for the last half of 1925.

He was glad to say that 43 per cent. of the children seen were under 1 year of age, for the younger they were the more good they could do them, the more good they did them the happier they would be. In this connection he mentioned that over 90 per cent. of infants seen at their clinics had been Chinese.

The Secretary of State for the Colonies in commenting on the 1925 annual report of our Medical Department, had expressed his hearty appreciation of their work.

Lady Guillemard's Work.

He could not conclude, he proceeded, without referring to the great loss that they would shortly sustain by the departure of Lady Guillemard, the founder of the Society.

Public Health.

Dr. Dawson referred briefly to infant welfare in its relation to public health in Singapore. The mortality of all infants in any community was always high and it was said that this was the most sensitive index of social welfare and sanitary improvements that they possessed.

The municipal organisation in Singapore was confined in its infancy fifteen years ago to a staff engaged in the supervision of the work of the native mid-wives with the object of lessening the mortality of infants in the earlier days of life.

With the better training of mid-wives, this work had now become of less importance, and in recent years the work had been extended to include the periodic visitation of all infants up to the age of one year. There were six European maternity sisters and eight Asiatic sisters now employed by the Municipal Commissioners.

Continuing, he dealt with the conditions under which some children were reared in cubicles, and in this direction, he said, there was room for big improvement.

He expressed his own, and Dr. Hunter's appreciation of the work of Lady Guillemard in the advancement of infant welfare in the town.

TUT-ANKH-AMEN REVEALED.

MERELY A DECAYED MUMMY.

TRAGIC TRUTH.

Before I left Egypt in 1923, writes Mr. H. V. Morton in the *Daily Express*, I stood in the tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen and saw, through a hole cut in the wall of the entrance chamber, an immense golden shrine lying in the dark of an inner room and filling it from floor to ceiling. In the heart of that shrine, as it was proved later, lay the gold coffin of the king.

All over the world the question has been asked for the last four years: "What was the mummy of the king like? What is the full story of the discovery? What met the gaze of the excavators when, lifting the gold lid, they gazed at the body which had been lying secure for 3,500 years in the Valley of the Dead?"

Problems Solved.

These questions are now answered fully for the first time in the second volume of Dr. Howard Carter's "The Tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen" (Cassell and Co.). Since the first volume was printed the distinguished author has added to his name the title of "doctor" of Yale University.

The truth about Tut-ankh-Amen, as told in this book, is tragic. The body was, in the words of Dr. Carter, "in a terrible state." The excavators expected to find the Pharaoh almost as perfect in preservation as on the day 3,500 years ago on which he was buried. And how well founded was this hope. Had they not held the very funeral wrappings in their hands. Had not the fraillest objects defied the ravages of thirty-five centuries, locked away, as they were, in the very bowels of the earth?

The tomb of Tut-ankh-Amen was sealed so completely that no bacteria existed there. Scientists who took swabs from floors and walls, found them sterile. The dried shells of insects such as spiders and beetles which had been locked up in the tomb 3,500 years ago were discovered in the dust. No life in any form existed, and decay had been to a marvellous extent, arrested. How reasonable then to suppose that the body of the man for whom this hiding place had been devised, lying in the last of three tightly-sealed coffins, sheeted in gold, concealed in a nest of three heavy shrines, would be perfect in its preservation.

Disappointment.

A disappointment awaited the excavators as, in well understood excitement, they lifted the lid of the third gold coffin, preparing themselves to see, as Dr. Carter says, "with the eye of reality that which we had hitherto beheld only in imagination."

They discovered that the royal mummy had decayed. The body had been soaked in sacred oils, and these in the course of centuries had not only charred the linen bandages and destroyed the embalmed body beneath, but had also oozed out, forming a hard, black mass, in which the mummy was firmly embedded. Thus the sacred rites performed thirty-five centuries ago by the priests of ancient Egypt, with the object of preserving the body of the king had, in the course of time, proved its destruction.

Despite the initial disappointment, the investigators were richly rewarded. The king, decayed, brown and charred, lay literally smothered in charms and ornaments. A gold diadem bound his head, gold sandals were on his feet, and each toe lay in a little sheath of gold on which the shape of the toe-nail had been cunningly moulded. The Egyptologists who looked at the face of the Pharaoh immediately saw there a remarkable resemblance to Akhnaton, the heretic king whom Tut-ankh-Amen succeeded. He was a young man, between the ages of seventeen and nineteen.

The appendix to the book—a lesson in scientific archaeology—contributed by various men associated in the preservation of the tomb treasures contains a report on the funeral wreaths by Professor Newberry, from which he argues, from the time of year such flowers and berries blossom, that "Tut-ankh-Amen was buried, between the middle of March and the beginning of April 3,500 years ago!"

The "Curse."

Dr. Carter has some pointed remarks to make on "The Curse of Tut-ankh-Amen" and the stories which became current when the late Lord Carnarvon died in Egypt.

"It has been stated in various quarters," he writes, "that there are actual physical dangers hidden in Tut-ankh-Amen's tomb—mysterious forces, called into being by some magic power, to take vengeance on whosoever should dare to pass its portals. There was perhaps no (Continued on next column.)"

2.30, 5.10, 7.15, 9.20 p.m.

ARE PARENTS PEOPLE?

THOMAS MEIGHAN

in

THE NE'ER DO WELL

RICHARD LIX

in

THE LUCKY DEVIL

Dairy Farm News

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QUEEN'S

"DANCING DERVISH"
CHARLESTON.

AMBULANCES FOR FRENZIED
ENTHUSIASTS.

A frenzied scene occurred at a ball at Nancy, where the dancers would have nothing but the Charleston.

The musicians acquiesced and increased the time, until the participants were carried away like Dervish dancers. Waiters, attendants, and those who had come to watch became affected with the wild rhythm, and took to the floor.

When the excited musicians could continue no longer to play for the frenzied dancers, four ambulances removed fainting and injured men and women. Four of the dancers were taken to hospital, suffering from dislocated knee joints.

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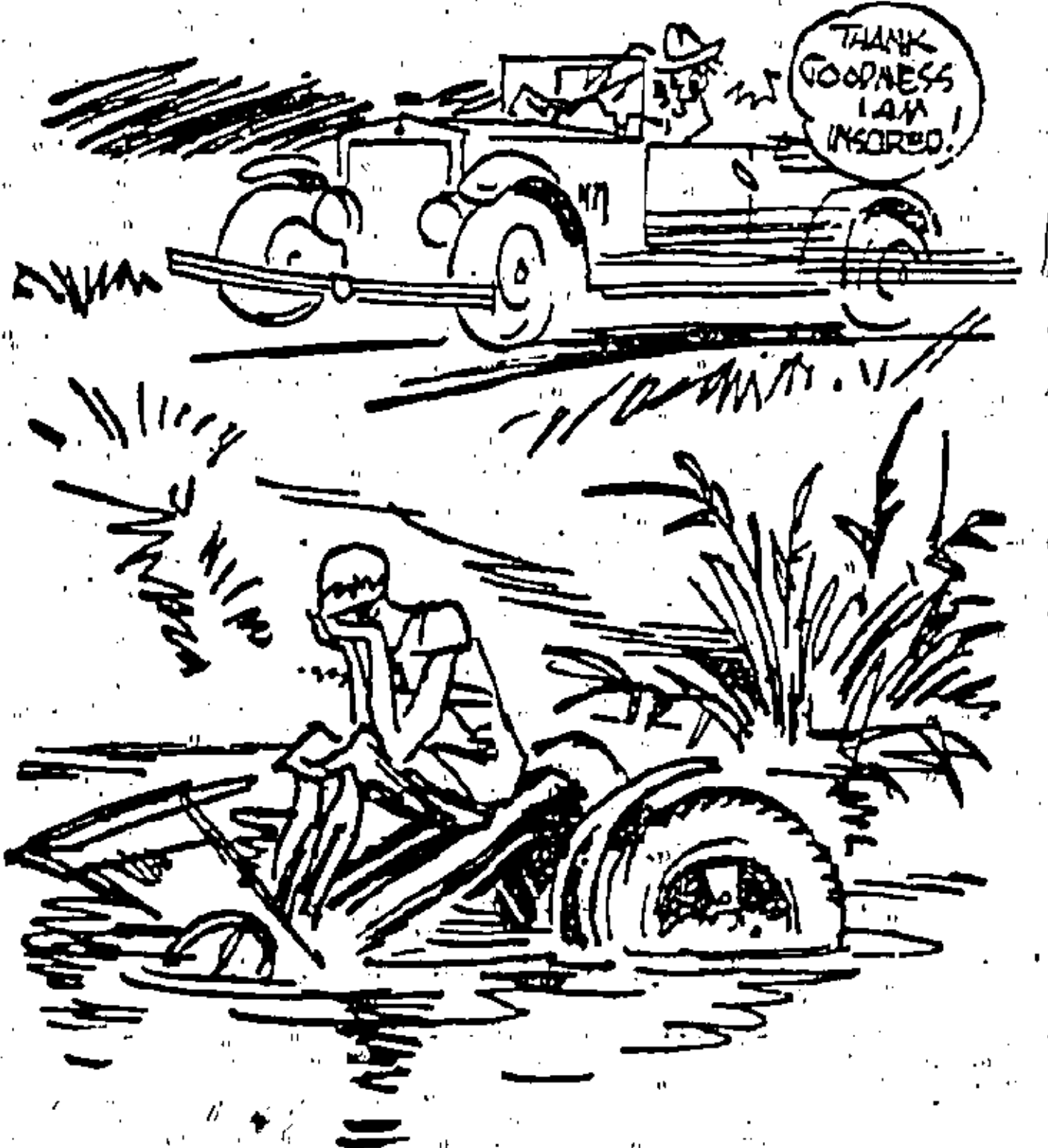
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LOCAL BANK'S FAILURE.

APPLICATION AGAINST PARTNER'S ESTATES.

AMOUNT OF LIABILITIES
\$330,000.

In a Bankruptcy Court sitting at the Supreme Court yesterday, Mr. Eldon Potter, K.C. (instructed by Mr. M. H. Turner) appeared on behalf of the Trustee in Bankruptcy of the Yue Hong Bank (Wong Wai Chung), and applied for the estate of Ng Min Sau, alias Ng Cheong Sin Tong, who died on November 4th, 1925, to be administered in bankruptcy. The application, which was heard *ex parte*, was for an order for the administration of the estate mentioned under the terms stated above, it being held that the deceased man was the proprietor or partner before his death, or alternatively that he was justly indebted to the bank, which has been adjudicated bankrupt and insolvent, to a greater extent than the deceased's estate.

The application was heard before the acting Chief Justice (Mr. Justice J. R. Wood) and Mr. Potter produced papers and balance sheets found on the premises which he contended proved that Ng Min Sau was either a partner or the proprietor of the bank.

Mr. Potter said that notice of withdrawal of opposition had been filed. The grounds they were relying on were twofold. Firstly that Ng Min Sau was either the sole proprietor, or a partner in the bank, or, alternatively, he was indebted to the bank for a sum which amounted to more than the assets of his estate.

The bank was a firm which had been adjudicated bankrupt and insolvent. The bankruptcy was not a satisfactory one, as most of the material books were missing, and there was only one *foki* available. They had found on the premises, however, documents which would abundantly prove, in conjunction with the evidence, that Ng Min Sau was in fact the proprietor or principal partner.

Retired and Started a Bank.

It would be proved that Ng Min Sau, who was originally a Sanitary Board contractor, retired from the business, and having apparently a considerable amount of money, he decided to start a Chinese bank, under the name of the Yue Hong. His long name was Ng Cheong Sin Tong.

Among other witnesses, Counsel would call a Chinese doctor, who had known Ng Min Sau for many years. He would tell the Court that Ng told him, after retiring from the Sanitary Board contractorship, that he was about to start a Chinese bank, and discussed the matter with him. About five years ago, Ng advised the doctor to deposit money in the bank, which he did. He would also call the accountant of the bank, who would say he was employed there since February, 1924, and that Ng Min Sau employed him and fixed his salary. He would also say that Ng only visited the bank 5 or 6 times a month, but all matters of importance were reported to him at his house in Gage Street, although the business was carried on by the manager.

Complimentary Dinners, etc.

Enumerating further facts pointing to the conclusion that Ng was either the proprietor or a partner, Mr. Potter said on the anniversary of his birthday the employees of the bank gave a dinner in his honour, and he later returned the compliment by a dinner to the employees.

Mr. Potter went on to refer to notes written to the bank in Ng's handwriting, being requests for money to be paid to the bearer, and pointed out that he used the words "our firm." There could be no doubt, added Mr. Potter, that he was a very important factor, if not the proprietor.

After Ng Min Sau had died, as a mark of respect a communication was issued by the bank, bearing the chop of the bank. Counsel was instructed that such was the Chinese custom when the proprietor or partner of a firm died.

(Continued on next column.)

CORRESPONDENCE.

THE ATTEMPT ON MUSSOLINI'S LIFE.

[TO THE EDITOR OF THE "HONG KONG DAILY PRESS"]

SIR,—In the *Hong Kong Daily Press* of to-day, under the title "An attempt on Mussolini's life" the culprit Zaniboni is called "General." Zaniboni has never been even a professional officer; he is a civilian, who—during the Great War—obtained a captain's or major's rank. I don't remember exactly.—Yours faithfully,
S. CARRARA,
Italian Consul-General.

R Consolato General d'Italia,
Hong Kong, April 13th, 1927.

THE "HANOI" PIRACY SUSPECT.

APPLICATION FOR
EXTRADITION.

TO AWAIT H.E. THE GOVERNOR'S ORDER.

On the instruction of the French authorities, C.D.I. Murphy made an application before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at the Central Magistracy yesterday afternoon for the extradition of the Chinese who is alleged to have participated in the piracy of the s.s. *Hanoi* on November last.

The prisoner, it will be recalled, was arrested some three months ago and had been identified by some of the crew of the pirated vessel. After several remands, he was discharged. He was rearrested on leaving the Court on a warrant asking for his extradition.

At yesterday's hearing, C.D.I. Murphy recounted the evidence given at the previous proceedings. His Worship ordered the prisoner, to be kept in the Victoria Gaol for fifteen days pending an order from H.E. the Governor.

PHILIPPINES VOLCANO IN ERUPTION.

NEGROS INHABITANTS IN
PANIC.

Kanlaon volcano emitted smoke last Saturday, and on Monday morning subterranean rumblings were heard in the vicinity of the volcano, according to dispatches received here yesterday, says the *Manila Times* of April 10th. The people residing in the southern part of Negros are panic-stricken, and have sent requests to Manila that a scientific exploration be made at once.

Father Miguel Selga, director of the Weather Bureau, sees no reason for the people of Negros to be alarmed. There have been no seismic movements in Negros recently such as those which usually occur before eruptions, he said. According to Father Selga, some twenty years ago Dr. Warren Smith of the Bureau of Science made a trip to the crater of Kanlaon volcano and reported that he saw no signs of activity.

Dealing with balance sheets, Mr. Potter referred to one commencing in 1924 up to the end of February 1925, in which was mentioned a list of assets of the bank consisting of shares. When they came to the monthly balance sheets, however, they would find that those assets disappeared, and instead was substituted the indebtedness of Ng Min Sau to the bank for a like amount. The reason was that the manager thought it would be advisable to sell the shares, but Ng Min Sau did not think so and suggested that they should be put in his name and that amount debited to the bank. There was nothing wrong about that, but the idea was that in case the market went down any more, the bank would be able to show a better balance sheet, and would also indicate that they had not been speculating.

Wong Wai Chung the trustee in bankruptcy, said the bank was insolvent. Up to the present the liabilities were about \$330,000, and the assets, including bills which had to be collected, were very small. An accountant said that Ng Min Sau was the master of the bank, and lived at 16, Gage Street, third floor.

His Lordship granted the application.

CINEMA NEWS.

"ARE PARENTS PEOPLE?" AT THE QUEEN'S.

SOME ACTING WORTH SEEING.

[BY OUR FILM CRITIC.]

The Paramount Company have scored a big success in "Are Parents People?" showing to-day at the Queen's. Not only is it a refreshingly amusing play, but they have avoided all the pitfalls into which cinema production so often falls. This is the sort of film which makes one confident of the future of the industry.

The story of an "incompatible" husband and wife; their daughter who refuses to choose between them; and their final reunion, was an opportunity for all the wish-wash of which the film is capable. Instead, it is treated in a spirit of comedy. These quarrelsome parents are not tragic, they are ridiculous and yet lovable, like small children in their pompous little rages. There is a remarkable likeness between a baby storming for its bottle, and its father when dinner is five minutes late, as every mother knows! This is comedy as Shakespeare understood the word; comedy with pathos, and what is more it is a play with a moral lesson which is much needed to-day.

Real Acting And Not Conventional Mouthings.

One most interesting feature of the film is the understanding of the psychology of movement. How much more our feet convey than our faces which most of us have learnt to control. That is the weakness of so much film acting, the actors learn, we presume, a regular course of face manipulation, they "register" fear, sorrow, joy, etc., in their faces according to a recognised standard, but only too often the registration ends with the face while the pose, hands and feet are telling a different story. Note the feet in "Are Parents People?" see how much of the story they convey, and more than that, of the character of the actors.

Betty Bronson, who made a charming and elfin Peter Pan, plays the school girl daughter, who loves both her parents and tells them she won't be quarrelled over. "Why can't you behave like sensible people instead of quarrelsome children?" she demands. It is far from an easy part, but Miss Bronson manages to give exactly the picture of the adolescent who is impatient at the weaknesses of her parents, and yet frightened at the sight of their imperfections just as a child would be. It was just that childish impetuosity and simplicity which made her so perfect a Peter Pan, who is a child on the bewildering verge of adolescence.

As a mother and father Florence Vidar and Adolph Menjou, are absolutely right. They are not horrid people or even particularly quarrelsome, but they are cursed with the inaction bred of wealth; they have nothing to do and nothing to think about, and so they spend their hampered energies in petty tragedies. It is only when they are faced by a real tragedy that they forget themselves and unite for mutual strength.

SAVAGE ATTACK ON CHINESE WOMAN.

"FRIEND OF THE FAMILY"
ALLEGED TO BE
INVOLVED.

A Chinese who is alleged to have robbed a woman at the point of a revolver in Portland Street, Yau-mai, was yesterday charged before Mr. W. Schofield at Kowloon Magistracy.

The police evidence was that on March 27th the complainant, a married woman who lives with her husband in Portland Street, was left in the flat alone about noon. She heard a knock at the door, and asked who was there. A voice replied "Open the door; Mr. Li told us to come." Three men entered and she took them towards the sitting room. When the woman started up the stairs one of the men stopped her and told her to go into the kitchen. Suddenly the prisoner rushed in with a revolver and got hold of her by the back of the neck. The other men then tied a piece of wire tightly round her neck and fastened it to the wall, after which they removed her earrings and a \$5 bill from her pocket. When the robbers left the house, shaking the kitchen door after them, the woman fell to the floor with the wire still round her neck. A neighbour came in response to her knock upon the wall, and found the complainant choking.

It was stated that the prisoner was well-known to the complainant and her family. He used to visit them frequently, and had even borrowed money from them.

The prisoner was arrested during the afternoon of March 27th, and was recognised by complainant. The case was remanded.

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There has been a feeling of uneasiness in the Coast Ports for some time past, but on Wednesday the news from all quarters seemed to suggest that Chiang Kai Shek had definitely determined to clear the Communist influence from the Southern Provinces.

The letters from correspondents in Swatow and the daily reports from Canton, in this connection, will be read with particular interest.

They give the details which will be lacking from the news cabled to London.

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TOKYO HOTEL IN TROUBLE.

WHAT THE POLICE FOUND.

PROPRIETRESS FINED AND
SEVERELY WARNED.

Many complainants have recently been made to the police that the Tokyo Hotel at Connaught Road Central was not conducting its business as a hotel should do. In consequence, Inspector Stimson paid a visit and there he found seven naval ratings and a Russian woman, whose names were not on the register.

As a result of this irregularity, the proprietress of the hotel was summoned before Mr. R. E. Lindsell, at the Central Magistracy yesterday morning. After evidence (Continued at foot of next column.)

GAOL PREFERRED.

"I will go to jail. It will take me a year to earn as much as that," said an old Chinese woman who was charged yesterday with cutting firewood on a Government Plantation near Wongninchong village. The sentence was a fine of \$25 or three weeks' imprisonment.

Had been given, the defendant said that the men went to her hotel after the cinema show was over and that she thought it was not necessary to register their names because they were naval men.

The Magistrate imposed a fine of \$100 and warned the defendant to be more careful in the future, and that if the hotel was not conducted properly, her licence would be withdrawn.

ALL QUIET.

A CHANGE IN TONE.
MILITARY ASSISTING THE POLICE.

[FROM A SHAMKIN CORRESPONDENT.]

CANTON, April 14th.
There is nothing the matter here. All is quiet. Perhaps things are a little too quiet. The Chinese papers refer to the preparations for the defence of Shamkeen and some even announce that martial law has been declared, but the Chinese generally talk about "martial law" if they see a few soldiers about. The tone of some of the Chinese newspapers has now changed and they are not so rabid as usual in their comments.

In streets of Canton, strong, hefty military men who are apparently unarmed, are co-operating with the police. The procession that was announced for to-day did not take place but I cannot say whether this was due to official action or lack of enthusiasm on the part of the organisers. There is to be a procession, it is said, on Saturday but we are assured—even if it does come off—that it will not go round Shaki. As I have informed you previously the Authorities are adopting a stern attitude and are doing their best to keep the stormy petrels from precipitating a conflict.

The Chinese merchants who come to Shamkeen and see the "Tommies" moving about think that their troubles will soon be over now that the foreigners have, at last, taken a strong line and have shown that they will not tolerate any further excesses. The Chinese business men, you may be sure, are sick of the turmoil and are longing for peaceful trading conditions again.

OFFICIAL FIRMNESS.

The following message, dated Canton, April 12th, has been received from the Canton Information Bureau.

"Official notifications have been issued repeating the determination of the Provincial Authorities to take necessary measures for the protection of the life and property of foreigners, according to instructions from the Nationalist Government, while both the Chief of Police and the Commander of the Defence Garrison have formally instructed their subordinates to allow no disturbance."

"Official firmness has reassured the population. To-day Kwangtung remains calm."

"Members of the Consular Body have ordered their nationals to Shamkeen where there are accumulated measures of defence. Scotch pipers can be seen behind machine-gun batteries covered by field guns and protected by a net of barbed wire and mountains of sandbags, such attitude heavily contrasting with the calmness of the Chinese City."

"Public opinion is stirred by the forcible closing of the office of the Workers' Union in Hong Kong and by the vexatious measures against Chinese passengers landing in Hong Kong."

NAVAL AND TROOP MOVEMENTS.

H.M.S. Despatch left for the North yesterday, and the Marazion left for Hoihow.

A detachment of the R.A.F. has just taken up quarters in the Peninsula Hotel.

The M.M. liner Cheongcheung arrived in Hong Kong yesterday morning with 195 French and 10 Annamite troops, who embarked at Saigon. The French corvette Song Do was due from Haiphong yesterday afternoon with another contingent of Indo-Chinese troops, who will be transferred to the Chenoucauz. The M.M. liner will sail for Shanghai as soon as the transfer has been completed.

WAITING TO SEE.

RED OFFICIALS' DILEMMA.
CURIOUS POLITICAL SITUATION.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

THE FATE OF MR. SUN FO.
Newly appointed "Red" officials, holding commissions from the Central Executive Committee at Hankow to take office in Canton, are now hesitating about assuming their positions. The situation is delicate and they want to see which way the wind will blow before identifying themselves too prominently with one faction. The "Reds" in Canton are certainly in a bad humour just now and are breathing all manner of ugly threats, but it is not expected they will do much. The confinement of a number of extremist leaders in the military prisons at Shanghai and Haogchow will, it is thought, have a sobering effect on them.

The rumours are still current that Mr. Sun Fo is virtually a prisoner in the hands of some of the moderate Kuomintang leaders and it is stated that Madame Sun Yat Sen is again using her influence in his interest. Dr. Kung Hsiang Hsi, a brother-in-law of Madame Sun Yat Sen, is also said to be working so that no harm shall be done to the son of the late Kuomintang chief. No one believes that Mr. Sun Fo is in any personal danger, but that it is desired that he shall renounce Bolshevism and all its ways. According to Mr. Sun Fo's friends this ought not to present any great difficulty because they say Mr. Sun Fo was never a Bolshevik at heart. In order to retain his seat in the Kuomintang Council he had to have the support of a clique and the Communist Party and the Soviet Mission and Mr. Sun Fo are reported to have helped one another wonderfully for a time. Now all his old associates are being called upon to go to his rescue and the names of Dr. C. C. Wu, General Wu Te Chen, Mr. Cheng Tow and others are being mentioned in this connection.

According to the Kuomintang regulations all army units have attached to them political agents appointed by the Kuomintang Central Executive Committee. These political agents are supposed to supervise the acts of the militarists but, according to complaints heard, now the militarists have been acting independently for some time in Canton and have failed to consult their civilian comrades.

Trying to please everyone, the Reds in Canton are offering to contribute an aerial squadron to the Kuomintang Army. They propose to exact 40 cents from each "comrade" in order to make up a fund of \$1,000,000. In addition the Kuomintang Party war chest is to appropriate \$150,000 for this purpose.

About 30 workers were wounded in a fracas on the East Parade ground on Monday afternoon, but little notice was taken of the affair. The Police reported the matter in their daily register and telephoned to the Red Cross to take the wounded to hospital and the incident was regarded as closed.

Following the evacuation of foreigners from Canton and district the Canton Foreign Office have specially instructed the Chief of Police to afford special protection to the Europeans and other foreign nationals. The Office declares that "counter-revolutionaries," in order to discredit the Kuomintang, have been creating anti-foreign agitation so as to offer a pretext for foreign warships to enter Chinese waters. By April 12th, all American women and children in Tungshan, Fong-tsun, Honam, Western Suburb, and Paak Hok Tung had either left.

(Continued on next Column).

KUOMINTANG AND CANTON SCHOOLS.

REGISTRATION ORDER POSTPONED TO AUGUST 31ST.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

BOY SCOUTS TAKEN OVER.
Kuomintang persecution of foreign schools in Canton has been slightly alleviated and the order to register by April 1st has been extended to August 31st. On the other hand strikes tyranny continues and Professor Chung Wing Kwong, associate president of Canton Christian College, left that institution several days ago in order to avoid further contact with employees now on strike. The Americans still in control of the College have refused to negotiate any more with the strikers whose demands are unreasonable and whose wanton attacks on school property included an attempt to starve the cattle and other college live stock by assaults on the Americans responsible for giving them fodder.

It is understood that the Chinese French Medical College in Canton has decided to close down altogether, because it is unable to comply with Kuomintang demand that the College should place itself under their control. The Kuomintang, however, have given permission to the Hackett Medical College for Women to confer with their American supporters before finally registering with the Kuomintang Party.

The Kuomintang are postponing the order to all foreign managed schools to register from April 1st to August 31st.

Canton Christian College has signified their willingness to come under Kuomintang control.

Both the Sacred Heart College, and the Hackett Medical College for Women have said that they might register if given time for further consideration.

The Holy Ghost School (French) has asked for more time to consider this question and the Pui Ying School, American, has been given until end of August to decide.

The Chinese-Deutsche School (German) have complied with the Kuomintang order to come under Kuomintang rule and give political instruction according to the late Dr. Sun Yat Sen's principles. The Pui Ching School No. 2 have applied to the Kuomintang for particulars about registering.

The Kuomintang City Executive Committee on April 13th formally took control of the Boy Scout Movement, and the Chief of the Young People's Division of the Kuomintang and the Kuomintang Commissioner of Education for Canton have been made Scout Commissioner and Assistant Scout Commissioner respectively of the Kuomintang City Boy Scouts.

Canton altogether or else entered Shamkeen.

Reds in Canton have been told that Comrade Karakhan, formerly of Peking, will be appointed Soviet Ambassador to the Kuomintang at Hankow.

Mr. Eugene Chen has wired back to Canton asking for further information about the recent British anti-piracy expedition to Bias Bay. Mr. Chen has found fault with the report sent by the Waiyang Magistrate whose jurisdiction includes Bias Bay.

The Canton Chief of Police has again asked all those possessing arms to take out a license. It is proposed to get some idea of the arms and ammunition now held by the "Reds."

The anti-imperialist parade in Canton on Saturday has been advised by the local authorities not to pass Shaki or Tungshan.

PRINCIPLES AND POLICY.

KUOMINTANG JOINT STATEMENT.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

NO DICTATORSHIP BY COMMUNISTS.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

RULE BY THE PROLETARIAT DOES NOT ARISE.
The following is the text of a joint statement signed by Wang Ching Wei for the Kuomintang and Chen Ts Shiu for the Chinese Communist Party, which has been sent to the Canton Gazette:

"To the members of the Kuomintang and the Communist party: Despite our military successes a large number of our enemies are still retaining their power. They are trying to find out our weaknesses and take advantage of them. The success of the revolutionary campaign depends on our solidarity at the present moment and demands it more than ever."

Recognise Kuomintang.

The Communist Party in China has always recognized frankly and honestly that the Kuomintang and the People's Three Principles laid down by our late leader, Dr. Sun Yat Sen, are the foundation of the Nationalist Movement. It is only the Counter-revolutionaries who seek to overthrow the Kuomintang and the San-Min Principles. It is only the Counter-revolutionaries who seek to split the Nationalist front. The Communist Party, no matter how misguided some of its members, will never attempt to overthrow the Kuomintang. Such action would bring down on itself disgrace and playing into the hands of its enemies, the Counter-revolutionaries, Militarists and Imperialists.

Not For China.

Rule by the proletariat is one of the remote aims of the Communist party of all countries. It has been effected in Russia. It cannot be effected in China for a long time. Different countries with different economic systems cannot pass through the same stages of political and economic development. Unlike the other peoples, the Chinese people are an oppressed race and therefore in China there is need for an alliance between the non-possessing classes and all other classes in the Revolutionary Struggle.

Judging by recent tendencies of the Chinese Revolution, the question of rule by the proletariat will certainly not arise at present nor in the near future.

What China needs now is democratic government by all classes that have been suffering at the hands of the Counter-revolutionaries. China does not need a Dictatorship of the Proletariat.

Co-operation.

It is true that the Communist party and the Kuomintang have different programmes but the essential point is for the members of both parties to be guided by the spirit of earnest co-operation in their struggle for a free and united China. Those who understand the Communist party's conception of revolution and the Communist Party's attitude towards the Kuomintang will certainly not doubt the wisdom of Dr. Sun Yat Sen in saying that the two parties should co-operate.

Fears and Rumours.

Now that Shanghai, base of Foreign Imperialism in China, has come under Kuomintang rule, the Counter-revolutionaries are in the grip of fear and are creating all sorts of rumours, aiming at the integration of the Nationalist Movement. Base canards are being circulated that the labourers are planning to organize a government of their own; that the Kuomintang authorities are going to suppress labour unions and pickets. But during the recent meeting of the highest authorities of the Kuomintang.

(Continued on next Column).

SEDITIONIST SENTENCED.

IMPORTED LYING PROPAGANDA.

[FROM OUR CHINESE CORRESPONDENT.]

SIX MONTHS FOR MEMBER OF CHINESE SEAMEN'S UNION.
A seaman named Fung San, who is said to be a member of the All-China Seamen's Union, was sentenced to six months' hard labour at the Central Magistracy yesterday for having in his possession a quantity of seditious literature. The man was formerly employed on the steamer Fatschan.

When arrested at Canton Wharf on April 4th he was carrying a number of copies of the Seamen's Union Gazette. He has been in custody for a week to allow of further investigations by the police.

Accused admitted possession of the papers, but maintained that he did not know their contents. His Worship reminded accused that three men were recently arrested for a similar offence on an American ship.

Chief Detective Inspector Murphy stated that arising from the previous case to which his Worship referred, a large number of circulars had since been issued by the Seamen's Union, complaining of "the high-handed action of the Hong Kong Government in preventing freedom of speech and action." It was impossible for the accused not to have heard of the case or had his attention drawn to it.

Accused then said that he was entrusted with the papers by the Canton branch of the Seamen's Union to deliver them to the Hong Kong branch.

Detective Inspector Murphy replied that 580 copies of the Gazette containing seditious matter were seized by the police. Accused had waited until all the other passengers had gone ashore and until the revenue searchers had withdrawn from the wharf, before he landed with the papers.

His Worship remarked that the publication told deliberate lies. The statement that British gunboats rendered assistance to Northerners in attacking Nationalist troops was false, as were reports of British massacres of Chinese at Hankow and Nanking.

The accused was sent to prison for six months.

It has been stated to the world that the Kuomintang is not going to suppress the labourers and their unions.

"Communist Party Loves Peace." Assuming even that there has been misunderstanding inside the party such misunderstanding will be settled. The Communist party loves peace and order just as all other parties. They have expressed approval of the Kuomintang policy that no attempt should be made to take the Concessions by force. The Labour leaders have issued a statement expressing complete willingness to co-operate with all classes of the people in municipal administration. All these are well-known facts allowing no room for argument. All statements, contrary to this are rumours deliberately spread by Imperialists and Counter-revolutionaries.

Enemy Propaganda. Comrades, our enemies are not only attacking us by force but also by propaganda, aiming at the disintegration of the Kuomintang National Movement. They have adopted the policy of attacking the Party through its members. We must stand firm on Revolutionary principles. Comrades, do not play into the hands of our enemies. Do not regard others in the Nationalist Movement with suspicion but present a united front against our foes. They can never stay the progress of the Nationalist Movement. Remember that though we have different political programmes, we are fundamentally united.

(Signed) CHEN TS SHIU, WANG CHING WEI.

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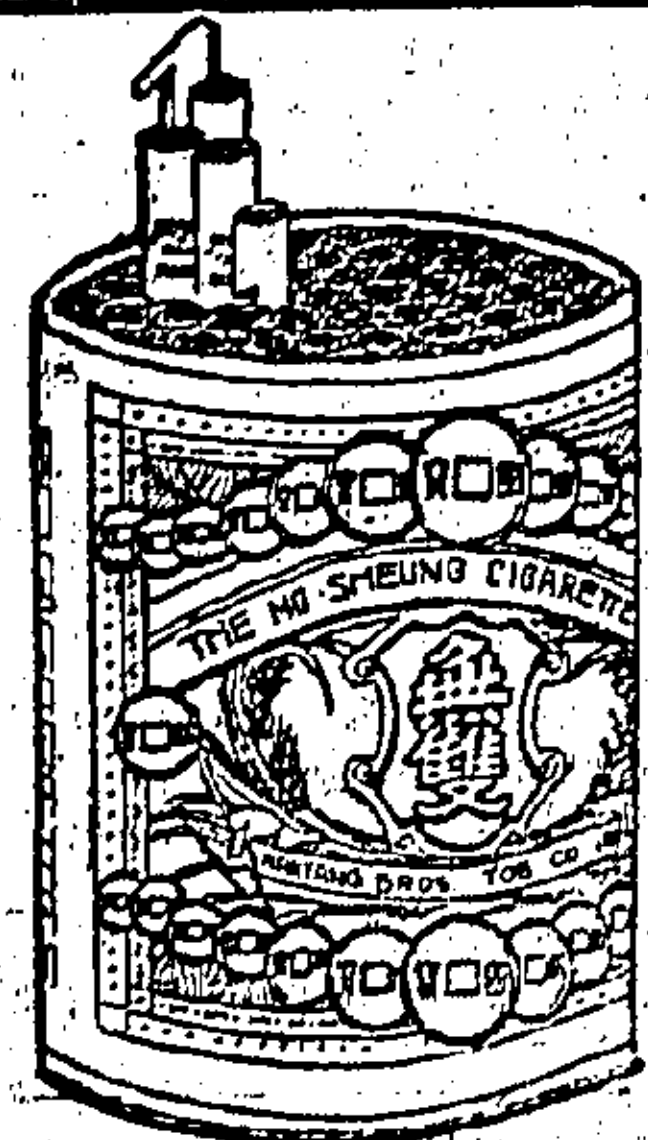
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On SATURDAY, the 16th INSTANT, All Departments will be OPEN as Usual.

Hong Kong, 13th April, 1927. [4800]

FANLING HUNT STEEPLECHASES.

NOTICE

THE POSTPONED EASTER MEETING of the FANLING HUNT will be held on SATURDAY, APRIL 16th.

There will also be a MEETING on MAY 3rd (EMPIRE DAY). [4768]

KOWLOON BOWLING GREEN CLUB.

ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF MEMBERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the TWENTY-SEVENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of Members of the above Club will be held in the Club House, on THURSDAY, the 14th APRIL, 1927, at 8.45 P.M.

Business—

Adoption of Report and Accounts.

Granting of Honorary.

Election of Officers.

Election of Life Members.

Election of General and Ball-tossing Committees.

Prize for Forthcoming Season.

Any other Business.

D. GOW, Hon. Secretary.

[4765]

HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB.

THE SECOND EXTRA RACE MEETING will be held (Weather Permitting) at HAPPY VALLEY on SATURDAY, 16th APRIL, and MONDAY, 18th APRIL, 1927, commencing at 2.30 P.M. on Both Days. The First Race will be Run at 2 P.M.

The Charge for Admission to the Public Enclosure will be \$1.00 per Day for all Persons including Ladies, Soldiers and Sailors in Uniform, Half Price.

Members are advised that they must show their Badges to obtain Admission to the Members' Enclosure.

Each Member has the right to introduce 10 non-members to the Members' Enclosure. Tickets for whom can be obtained from Messrs. LINTAS & DAVIS at \$5.00 Each Per Day up to THURSDAY, 14th APRIL, 1927.

The Charge for Admission for Ladies to the Members' Enclosure will be \$2.00. Each Member can obtain, upon application to the SECRETARY, Badges for Admission of 2 Ladies Free of Charge.

[4762]

LOST.

IN KOWLOON on the 10th APRIL, a FOX TERRIER with Collar and Chain, Black Marking on Head and answering to the Name of "JACK". The Finder will be Rewarded.—TEL. PHONE K. 1273 or C. 674. [4799]

FOR SALE OR TO BE LET UNFURNISHED.

NO. 27, PEAK, LUGARD ROAD.

EIGHT ROOMED HOUSE, with Central Heating, Five Bedrooms, Four Bathrooms, Three Drying Rooms, Modern Sanitation, Grass Tennis Court, and Garden—Possession MAY 1st.—Apply: PALMER & TURNER, ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [4776]

TO LET.

A FLAT in HUMPHREYS BUILDINGS, Kowloon.—Apply to HUMPHREYS ESTATE AND FINANCE CO., LTD., ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS. [4707]

TO LET.

NO. 41, DUDDELL STREET, Apply to—THE HON. SECRETARY, CLUB LUSITANO. [4214]

TO LET—Furnished, for about Five Months from 1st June, No. 373, THE PEAK, Four Bedrooms, Tennis Court.—Apply: ELDON POTTER, 373, THE PEAK. [4768]

FURNISHED FLAT on PEAK TO LET—Two Bedrooms with Bathrooms, Two Reception Rooms and enclosed Verandah. Modern Sanitation. Immediate Possession.—Apply Box 4799, c/o Hongkong Daily Press. [4798]

ON SALE.

HONG KONG HANSARD REPORTS OF THE MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL for the Session 1926. Revised by Members. PRICE 6s. HONG KONG DAILY PRESS OFFICE

INTIMATIONS.

BANK HOLIDAYS.

IN Accordance with Ordinance No. 12 of 1914, the EXCHANGE BANKS will be CLOSED for the TRANSACTION OF PUBLIC BUSINESS on FRIDAY, SATURDAY and MONDAY, the 15th, 16th and 18th APRIL, 1927 (EASTER HOLIDAYS).

Hong Kong, 11th April, 1927. [4797]

NOTICE.

THE FAR EAST OXYGEN & ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that owing to the Departure on Leave of Mr. JEAN ROCCA, the Interests of Our Firm will be Taken in Charge by Mr. M. GUILLOT, as From APRIL 15th, 1927.

THE FAR EAST OXYGEN & ACETYLENE CO., LTD.

47341 J. ROCCA, Manager.

THE HONG KONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the undermentioned Goods, at present in No. 30 Godown of the above named Company at Kowloon, in the Name of the THE CANADA TRADING CO., will be Disposed of unless taken Delivery of or before the 14th INSTANT.

Lot 9872—10 Barrels NEUTRAL SPIRITS, Stored 1st APRIL, 1920.

Hong Kong, 2nd April, 1927. [4770]

HONG KONG BOXING ASSOCIATION.

SEVENTH TOURNAMENT OF THE SEASON.

SATURDAY, 16th APRIL, AT 9.15 P.M.

AT THE THEATRE ROYAL.

MAIN EVENTS:

WELTERWEIGHT CHAMPIONSHIP OF THE COLONY

15 Rounds Contest

Stoker NORMAN MORRIS (H.M.S. Heron)

AND

10 Rounds Contest

AB. BENNETT (H.M.S. Witherington)

AND

10 Rounds Contest

AB. EVIN (H.M.S. Heron)

AND

Stoker EVANS (H.M.S. Enterprise)

Welterweight and Middleweight Champion of India

AND

Four Other Contests.

BOOKING AT MOUTRIES:—

MEMBERS—13th APRIL.

GENERAL PUBLIC—14th & 15th APRIL.

USUAL PRICES. [4790]

PREPAID "WANTED" ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO LET.—ONE EUROPEAN HOUSE, 25, BARNSTON PATH, containing about 10 Rooms, with Verandah, besides Bathrooms, Kitchens and Servants' Quarters. Quiet Locality. Immediate Occupation. Moderate Rental.—Apply 27, BARNSTON PATH or Tel. C. 515. [242]

TO LET—From First May, "10, MOUNTAIN VIEW, PEAK, 20 Stories, Five Rooms Three Bath Rooms, Servants' Quarters, Recently Repaired. Renovated.—Apply DEACONS PRINCE'S BUILDING. [237]

FOR EUROPE AND AMERICA, INDIA, AUSTRALIA, &c.

Comprehensive and Complete Report of the

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INTIMATIONS.

Fine Sherries

Superior Pale Dry. Full Golden.

of very superior quality specially selected, grown and bottled by Anto. R. Ruiz y Hermanos Xeres de la Frontera.

Fine Ports

Douro. Choice Old.

specially selected, bottled and shipped by Robertson Bros. & Co., Oporto.

Very Fine Old Tawny.

specially selected, bottled and shipped by Silva & Cozens, Oporto.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Phone C. 616. [50]

BIRTH.

Scott.—On April 7th, at Shanghai, to Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Scott, a son, Bruce.

MARRIAGE.

Moore-Bauld.—On March 12th, at Santa Cruz, California, MARY MARIAM MOORE to OSCAR ROBERT BAULD, youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. J. E. BAULD, Shanghai.

Hong Kong Office: 1A, Chater Rd. London Office: 21, Bride Lane, Fleet Street, E.C. 4.

The Daily Press.

HONG KONG, APRIL 14th, 1927.

SUN YAT SEN AND THE FOREIGN POWERS.

In view of recent events along the Yangtze and at Foochow, it is interesting to recall Sun Yat Sen's manifesto, published on February 8th, 1912, soon after the establishment of the Republic. Among other statements are the following:

"Prior to the usurpation of the throne by the Manchus, the land was open to foreign intercourse, and religious tolerance existed, as is shown by the writings of Marco Polo and the inscription on the Nestorian tablet at Hsiao-fu. Dominated by ignorance and selfishness, the Manchus closed the land to the outer world and plunged the Chinese into a state of benighted mentality calculated to operate inversely to their natural talents, thus committing a crime against humanity and the civilized nations which it is impossible to expiate."

"We will remodel the laws, revise the civil, criminal, commercial, and mining codes, reform the finances, abolish restrictions on trade and commerce, and ensure religious toleration and the cultivation of better relations with foreign peoples and Governments than have ever been maintained before."

Obviously SUN YAT SEN was particularly anxious to secure the goodwill of foreign nations—at last according to this grandiloquent document. Assuming for the moment that he meant what he said, we wonder, how the present regime, which professes to be in lineal descent from the founder of the Republic who is worshipped and surrounded with the religious ceremony we associate with the Deity, reconciles existing practice with such unequivocal utterances. There is a curious similarity between the crimes committed by the Manchus and those perpetrated recently. China's international reputation has never been so low as it is to-day. Formerly it was possible to blame a reigning house, and the people escaped the odium. Now it is the sacred will of the people which, presumably, is being expressed. Instead of reforms, we have seen the country turned by the Nationalists into a shambles. Instead of universal brotherhood and prosperity there is mutual enmity and a more intense foreign hatred than ever existed before. Misery and poverty are the lot of the people.

The fact of the matter, of course, is that such documents as we have quoted above are now looked upon by foreigners as absolutely valueless. It is a tragic indictment of a great country that its official declarations do not express, but rather conceal, the intentions of the Government. They seem to be intended deliberately to mislead and as a consequence no nation's honour lies so deeply in the dust as the honour of China at the moment. In small matters, as in big matters, honesty seems to be quite unknown. Dr. SUN YAT SEN solemnly promises toleration of all religions and intercourse with foreigners, with the results we see around us. There might be something to say in extenuation of the present position, if those responsible for the outrages, and unspeakable horrors, did not claim to be the supporters of Dr. SUN. They are, however, his most ardent disciples. The plea for patience and goodwill whilst a new China is brought into being might find a response, if one could discern the faintest sign that gave promise of better things. But those in control have rejected the ancient virtues, and appear determined to bring further ruin on their country by deliberately injuring those Powers whom they are quite impotent to resist, when the latter care to assert themselves.

There are only two cases on the calendar for the Criminal Sessions which open at the Supreme Court on Tuesday next.

A Chinese yesterday hanged himself from a tree in Blake Gardens, but was cut down before he was dead by the police and taken to hospital.

A vocal and instrumental recital will be given in St. John's Cathedral on Good Friday evening, at 8.15. The soloists are Mrs. B. Sanger (soprano), Mrs. G. E. Aubrey (violin), Mr. A. P. Glanville (bass), assisted by members of the Cathedral Choir. A collection will be made for the Cathedral Organ Fund.—ADVT.

The first annual general business meeting of the Diocesan Old Girls' Association will be held in the School Hall this evening, at six o'clock to receive the report of the Committee and statement of accounts for the past year, to elect officers and committee for the ensuing year, and to transact any other business. All members are requested to attend.

Members are reminded that the annual meeting of the Kowloon Bowling Green will be held this evening at the Club House, beginning at 8.45. The business will be to receive and adopt the report and statement of account, the gathering of Honorary, the election of officers for the ensuing year, and election of general and balloting committees, and any other business.

The sale by order of the second mortgagee, of No. 3, Arbuthnot Road, a leasehold property, which was to have taken place at the China Auction Rooms yesterday afternoon was cancelled. The property, which is held on the unexpired residue of the terms of 999 years from February 1st, has a total area of 57.60 square feet, and a total area of 57.60 square feet.

Among the passengers arriving in Hong Kong yesterday on the O.S.K. *Kaiyo Maru* from Swatow, were Mr. and Mrs. Ling, Mr. A. J. King, Miss King, Miss A. Bay, Miss Wallenharst, Miss Rincher, Miss G. Triche, Miss A. Helber, Mr. Barnabas, Mr. Elphinstone, Mr. T. K. Steele and Mr. Sanger. A number of the ladies are understood to be connected with missionary organizations, and have had to evacuate the interior.

A NATION UPSIDE DOWN. [By LADY SUSAN TOWNLEY.] Truly may anybody be excused who fails to understand the Chinese, for China is par excellence the land of "topsy-turvydom," where a bridegroom sees the face of his bride only after he is irretrievably tied to her—where a man greets you by clasping his own hands instead of yours—where he shaves the front of his head instead of his chin—where white instead of black is the colour of mourning—where the head is kept covered as a mark of respect—where music has no sharps, flats, or naturals, and only five notes, and the scale is neither major nor minor, but a little of both—where the left is the place of honour—where books are read backwards—where the written language has no tenses or persons to the verbs, no declensions, genders, or cases to the nouns, nor comparative adjectives—where the women wear trousers and the men flowing robes—where to do a guest honour his friends send a dinner to his house and invite themselves to eat it with him—where the women smoke and the men carry fans—where chopsticks take the place of side-arms in the hip pocket—where

criminals are forbidden to shave instead of being "cropped" by order—where a coffin is presented to a father by a son as a token of filial duty—where the official feather is worn pointing down instead of up—where a man will commit suicide on his neighbour's doorstep merely to spite him—where the needle of the compass points south instead of north—where the men fly kites while the boys look on—where the game of battledore and shuttlecock is played with the feet instead of the hands—where they talk of a place being west-north and the wind in the east-south—and where, finally, in obedience to the maxims of Confucius, the national religion bids its votaries look backward and downward, instead of forward and upward!

(Continued on next Column.)

LOCAL WEDDING.

WONG—MA.

CEREMONY AT ST. STEPHEN'S CHURCH.

The wedding took place at St. Stephen's Church on Tuesday of Miss Mary Wong, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Wong Joy Hung, and Mr. Henry Ma, of No. 8, St. Stephen's Lane, eldest son of Mr. and Mrs. Ma Joe Young.

The bride, who was given away by her father, was attired in a dress of pink satin trimmed with crystal beads, and carried a bouquet of white roses.

The Rev. Lee Kau Yan conducted the marriage ceremony. The bride was attended by Miss Grace Wong, her sister, and by Miss Amy Ma, sister of the bridegroom. Miss Ma Gum Oi was flower girl, and Master Stanley Kwann, and Miss Betty Wong were the train-bearers.

The bridesmaids who wore dresses of apple green georgette, carried bouquets of pink roses.

The best man was Mr. Andrew Ma (cousin of the bridegroom) and the groomsmen Mr. Charles Ma (brother).

Following the Church ceremony, a reception was held at the bridegroom's residence, No. 8, St. Stephen's Lane, followed by a banquet at the Yee Wo Restaurant.

The bride and bridegroom received many presents from friends and relatives.

ENTERTAINING THE SERVICES.

FUTURE Y.M.C.A. CONCERTS.

As mentioned yesterday the Naval and Military Y.M.C.A. Entertainment Committee held a successful whist drive and concert for the benefit of the Services at the City Hall on Monday night. There were about fifty tables and a concert followed the drive.

The Tuesday night's concert at the "Cheerio" are in charge of Mrs. W. Costen and at this last entertainment, in addition to naval and military contributors, the following took part: Mrs. C. P. Marcel, Mrs. R. Sanger, Mrs. H. Baleant, Mrs. G. W. R. Griggs, Mrs. C. P. F. James, and Mrs. H. V. Parker.

The Y.M.C.A. Entertainment Committee are arranging further concerts to take place at the Pekin Road Y.M.C.A., Kowloon, to-night and on April 18th at 8.30 p.m.

HEALTH OF THE COLONY.

SMALL-POX AND ENTERIC CASES NOTIFIED.

Last week there were 5 new cases and 8 deaths (all Chinese) from small-pox, and 5 new cases with 2 deaths from enteric, also Chinese. Three fatalities—from typhoid, cerebro-spinal fever and influenza—were reported.

Monday's bulletin noted three more small-pox cases and one each of enteric and typhoid; all were Chinese.

Tuesday saw a further two cases (Chinese) of enteric notified.

THE HONG KONG DANCE CLUB.

The opening dance of the Hong Kong Dance Club held on Monday night at Messrs. Lane, Crawford's Restaurant having proved very successful and the enlistment of many members secured, the second dance is to be held at the same place next Tuesday evening. The Club will hold four dances a month, the last being a Carnival and fancy dress ball. The membership fee of \$5 will cover admission, refreshments, novelties, etc., for the whole month while those joining late in the month pay proportionately less. While the weather permits of indoor dances, these will take place at Lane, Crawford's Restaurant, but during the summer arrangements will be made to have outdoor dances, picnics, etc. A Committee of three ladies and three gentlemen will be formed to act as a medium between the organisers (Messrs. J. E. Kennedy, J. W. Kennedy and R. A. Leisk), and the members, and will wear distinguishing badges at all the dances.

CHINA "NOT UNDER CONTROL."

WHAT MR. E. CHEN SAID AND WHAT HAS HAPPENED.

[By C. L. C.]

"Not under control," is the nautical term for a vessel under way and yet for one reason or another neither her course nor her speed can be regulated by those in charge. China presents such a picture. In an interview with Mr. Eugene Chen in Canton in October last, the writer asked how the discord between China and the World would end? Would the situation develop into an *impasse* from which there can be no escape, except by force? Mr. Chen's reply was very evasive. He said that the trouble in China was an internal affair and that foreign Powers should not interfere. He also referred to the French Revolution and how long it took the French to put their house in order. Further he also accused Great Britain of casting a mercenary eye on China's wealth and resources and that John Bull was doing his best to get entangled with China's affairs.

Seven months have elapsed since this interview when the writer was also assured by Mr. Eugene Chen that nothing would happen in China to endanger foreign lives and properties. But events followed one another in rapid succession, and Mr. Eugene Chen's assurances are of no more value than his threats are to be feared.

What is the attitude of the Cantonese to-day? Are they going to Canton for a few days would at once come to the conclusion that China is the aggressor against Foreign Powers.

What the writer has seen in Canton clearly shows that the Cantonese need to be taught that there are laws between nation and nation to which all peoples claiming to be civilized must conform. This lesson will not be difficult to teach to the Cantonese since Mr. Eugene Chen's book-case in his office is well lined with volumes on International Law.

A Superstition From Sun Yat Sen. But what has brought China to her present pass? There are of course many factors and not the least of the idea originating from Dr. Sun Yat Sen which may be summed up in the following words: "The Republic of China will reign supreme once the Cantonese take up arms against Great Britain."

Under the influence of this sinister teaching a superstitious people like the Cantonese are quite capable of throwing reason and common sense to the winds and blindly following the dictum of one whom they now regard as inspired. The Chinese, on the whole, are docile and quiet, but at the same time, the Asiatic temperament easily runs to excesses as shown by the Nanking and Hankow excesses, which are good examples of what may be expected anywhere.

One may want to know whether this evil spirit dominates all the Chinese. It certainly does not. Travelling down from Mukden to Peking and from thence to Shanghai by train, the writer stopped in over ten different districts in the Shantung province, and had the privilege of talking matters over with many and various types from war-lords, banding down to peasant farmers. The lesson learnt was that the majority of Chinese with any knowledge of political affairs are fully conscious of the dangers into which the Nationalist Government is likely to plunge their country and that most of the people under Nationalist control are discontented with the dislocation of trade the tremendous taxation and the inevitable turmoil that follows in its wake.

FIREARMS ON TRADING JUNK.

THE MASTER FINED.

A fine of \$160 was imposed upon the master of a trading junk at the Kowloon Magistracy yesterday. The man was charged with having in his possession one rifle with 83 rounds of ammunition and one revolver with 23 rounds of ammunition.

Mr. Loseby appeared for the defence. Inspector Spear said that he should like to withdraw the charge respecting the rifle and ammunition, which the defendant was actually authorised to carry. Defendant pleaded "not guilty" to the remaining charge.

Sergt. Goldsmith said that he found the rifle beneath a plank which was nailed to the bottom of the junk. The revolver and ammunition were concealed in a hollow plank.

FOREIGN OPINION OF THE NANKING NOTES.

NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN TROOPS ON THE YANGTZE BANKS.

YANGCHOW AGAIN IN THE HANDS OF THE SOUTH.

THE NORTHAMPTONS LEAVE FOR CHINA.

H.M.S. "CARLISLE" LEAVES YANGCHOW AGAIN HELD FOR WEIHAIWEI.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 13th.
H.M.S. "Carlisle" left for Weihaiwei this morning as a result of the Consular report that trouble is expected there from bandits.

NORTHAMPTONS ON THEIR WAY TO CHINA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 13th.
The remaining two companies of the First Northamptonshire Infantry at Brookwood this morning for Southampton, where they embarked in a transport for China.

NANKING NOTES CAUSE DISAPPOINTMENT.

COMMON ACTION SECURED AT EXPENSE OF FIRMNESS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 13th.
The Daily Telegraph shares the disappointment of foreigners in China with the Powers' Nanking Notes, the text of which it says fully bears out the apprehension that common action has been secured at the expense of firmness. It declares that a much stronger Note had been drafted and would have gone forward in the name of the British and American Governments.

SHANGHAI'S PARKS AND GARDENS.

TO BE THROWN OPEN TO THE CHINESE.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 13th.
At the annual meeting of ratepayers of the International Settlement, this afternoon, a resolution was overwhelmingly passed to throw open the public parks and gardens to Chinese as in the case of foreigners; but that this would not be operative until the present anti-foreignism and general unrest ceased and normal conditions were restored; also until it had been ratified by another meeting of the ratepayers.

THE NANKING AND PUKOW CONFLICT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 13th.
Foreign men-of-war have moved one mile up-river from Nanking in order to clear a direct line for the fire between Nanking and Pukow. Nationalist gunboats, which recently concentrated for the defence of Nanking, have moved three miles up the Yangtze from Nanking.

No attempt has yet been made by the Northerners to cross the Yangtze.

H.M.S. "Woodcock" Returns Fire.
H.M.S. "Woodcock," on moving down river, was fired on from the shore above Chinkiang. She returned the fire.

WHAT THE PEKING RAID REVEALED.

A CATALOGUE OF SECRET SOVIET DOCUMENTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PEKING, April 13th.
The Ankuichun has issued an official statement regarding the literature seized in the raid on the Soviet Embassy, declaring that it included inter alia detailed plans for the Soviet supplying and organising cavalry in Chahar, Mongolia and Manchuria, which were to be put under the command of Feng Yu Haiang; reports of Soviet Military Secret Service agents at Canton, Honan, Shensi and elsewhere; military plans of Fengtuen and Kuomintang; confidential letters and reports of the Russian commander on Feng Yu Haiang's Army, letters between a military expert appointed by Moscow and leaders of the Kuomintang and Kuominchun troops; communications between the Military Attaché at Peking and subordinates throughout the provinces in which closer relations with the Kuominchun and the Soviet delegates are urged.

MORE "RED" MANIFESTATIONS AT HANKOW.

Y.M.C.A. PROPERTY SEIZED.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

SHANGHAI, April 13th.
A Hankow message of April 11th says that at Changsha the Kuomintang has confiscated the Y.M.C.A. property, valued at G.\$150,000, and the Y.M.C.A. building, taking six Chinese secretaries prisoners.

The message adds that the previous day the local Kuomintang had resolved to confiscate the Hankow Y.M.C.A. building, which is American property, valued at G.\$100,000. A protest is being made by the Nationalist Foreign Ministry by the U.S. Consul, but it is not certain whether this will prevent the threatened seizure.

PUKOW IN THE HANDS OF THE NORTH.

NATIONALIST FLAGS DOWN.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

SHANGHAI, April 13th.
A naval wireless message from Nanking states that the Northern troops occupied Pukow without any opposition on April 12th.

All the Nationalist flags were immediately hauled down.

Severe Engagements Between North And South.

NANKING, April 13th.
Marshal Sun Chuan Fang's thrust in the Nanking and Chinkiang districts is still proceeding and severe engagements are being fought. Wounded are still coming in to Nanking.

Amoy Postal Strike Settled.

Amoy, April 13th.
An agreement concerning the postal strike has at last been reached, and the dispute has now been settled. The situation has shown considerable improvement in the course of the last few days.

Foochow, April 13th.
The Moderate Party have control of the situation, which is satisfactory.

Ningpo Quieter.

Ningpo, April 13th.
There are no further developments and it is believed that fears of an anti-foreign outbreak need no longer be entertained.

CHINESE LEGATIONS IN EUROPE.

IN A BAD WAY FINANCIALLY.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

GENEVA, April 13th.
"No salaries and no Legations." This appears to be the straits to which the Chinese diplomatic arrangements in Europe are being reduced in consequence of the personnel not receiving money, in some cases for two years, and explains the absence of Mr. Chu, now the Minister at Rome, from the disarmament committee, of which he is a member.

The closing-down of the Legations on May 7th is contemplated, in view of Peking not having replied to representations concerning the financial aspect.

The Kuomintang committee in Paris wash their hands of the business, and even refuse to take charge of the Legation archives in the event of closing.

It is understood that the Chinese delegation to the Legation of Nations will continue to function.

PARIS PRESS COMMENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

PARIS, April 13th.
According to the Petit Parisien, M. Briand and Earl Crewe (British Ambassador at Paris), in an interview yesterday, discussed events in China and the British rejection of the French scheme propounded at Geneva for reckoning naval strength by total tonnage.

L'Ouvre hopes that M. Briand will eventually persuade the British that Continental nations are too poor to build a fleet of Dreadnoughts and if they desire submarines and light cruisers to protect their coasts it is not because they are ambitious to rule the waves.

The Matin asserts that Britain desires naval supremacy, wishes to prevent France from defending her coasts and wants Continental nations to be not only disarmed but also open to attack. The newspaper concludes that the world has been given the confidence of France, who is now free to solve the disarmament problem by Regional Agreements and by Treaties of Arbitration.

CHINA'S FACTORIES.

FALLACIES EXPOSED.

FOREIGNERS "TRADERS" ONLY AND HUMANITARIANS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 13th.

The Foreign Office has issued a Memorandum on labour conditions in China, in the course of which it states that lack of accurate information is the cause of many unfounded charges brought in Britain against British employers of labour in China.

The Memorandum outlines the charges, which are concerned with the employment of cheap labour and says that the mis-statements to some extent arise in honest ignorance of a very complicated and little-known subject. It proceeds to explain that nearly the whole of the capital invested in the factories is Chinese. British interests in China are overwhelmingly those of traders, and only in a very insignificant degree those of the capitalist or labour employer. The influence of foreign capitalists, both British and Japanese, inasmuch as they have established higher standards and introduced humanitarian ideas is entirely beneficial.

The Memorandum expresses the opinion that the disappearance of Concessions and extraterritoriality will probably militate against such improvement conditions; though, on the other hand, the growth of the power and influence of the Nationalists which (on paper at least) has adopted a Labour policy, may promote such improvement.

The conditions in foreign factories, particularly those of the British and Japanese, are better than those in Chinese factories.

A high proportion of the few British factories challenge comparison with any in the world movement in securing better labour conditions. They have been initiated and led by foreigners, both missionaries and capitalists. The Chinese, with a few brilliant exceptions, are generally apathetic and Chinese labour organisations, as far as they are not let astray by politics are interested only in the wages question.

The White Paper proceeds to state the facts in connection with the charge of failure to adopt the Child Labour Bye-law for the International Settlement of Shanghai, as being due to a "deliberately organised boycott" and says that there is no doubt that a quorum would be secured for such a bye-law had normal conditions prevailed.

The Memorandum says that the British Consuls are unanimous in reporting that the Provisional Factory Regulations, passed by the Chinese Government in March, 1923, exist only on paper, and adds that "probably the sole reason for promulgating them was a naive desire on the part of the Chinese Government to appear at Geneva and before the world at large in the guise of a modern and progressive State."

THE NICARAGUAN WARFARE.

COMPLETE LIBERAL ROUT.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, April 13th.
Rear-Admiral Latham reports the complete rout of the Nicaraguan Liberal Forces in the Negro-Caballo region. The Liberals, who were surrounded by Government troops, broke through an allied, abandoning most of their artillery.

SACCO AND VANZETTI.

REPORTED "DEMAND" OF 36 M.P.S.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

Boston, April 13th.
Thirty-six British Members of the House of Commons, including Lord Rothermere and Mr. Salsbery, have, it is reported, cabled to Mr. Fuller, the Governor of Massachusetts, demanding the liberation of Sacco and Vanzetti.

The cable emphatically protests against the rejection of a new trial, expresses horror at the "violation of justice" committed in the case and demands the withdrawal of the death sentence and the immediate release of the prisoners.

TEXAS TORNADO.

MANY KILLED AND INJURED.

ROCK SPRINGS VIRTUALLY DESTROYED.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, April 13th.

It is reported that a tornado has killed 125 persons at Rock Springs, Texas.

Waco, Texas, April 13th.
It is reported from Rock Springs that over 50 were killed and 150 injured in the tornado, which virtually destroyed a town of 800 inhabitants which include 200 Mexicans.

Relief parties hurrying to the scene from neighbouring towns are being hindered by floods.

ALLEGED TOOLS OF MOSCOW.

HUNGARIAN COMMUNISTS NOW ON TRIAL.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

BUDAPEST, April 13th.
The trial has opened at the Extraordinary Court of Zoltan of Szanto, the ex-Communist Commissar who fled abroad after the collapse of the dictatorship of Bela Kun in 1919 and who subsequently returned and lived in Budapest under an assumed name and of Stefan Vagi, leader of the Socialist Extreme Left, and 19 others.

The Public Prosecutor declared that the Third International was aiming to overthrow Western civilisation by force of arms, and alleged that the accused at the instigation of Moscow had undertaken to organise a secret Communist Party in Hungary on the well-known "cell" system.

An "Ordinary" Not "Extraordinary" Case.

LATER.
After examining Szanto and the other accused the Extraordinary Court decided that the case was outside its competence. The trial was therefore referred back to the ordinary Courts.

"RED" ROUBLES.

POLISH TRADE UNIONISTS SNUB RUSSIAN COMMUNISTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

WARSAW, April 13th.
Following the settlement of the textile strike, the Soviet Textile Workers' Union of Moscow sent 10,000 roubles to the Lodz Textile Workers' Union. The latter returned the money, asserting that it was unwelcome from Communist agitators.

TITLES BILL RECEIVES ROYAL ASSENT.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 13th.
The Royal Parliamentary Titles Bill has received the Royal assent.

BRITISH LABOUR AND THE PEKING LEGATION RAID.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 13th.
In the House of Commons, Colonel Wedgwood (Labour) asked whether the Government was aware of or had authorised the raid on the Soviet at Peking before it occurred, and whether it had given its approval after the raid before consulting the United States.

Mr. G. Locker-Lampson replied that the Government had been informed beforehand that the Protocol Ministers were prepared to authorise the entry of the metropolitan police to the Legation Quarter. The Government had issued no instructions.

Replying to further questions, Mr. Locker-Lampson said the proposal to picket the Soviet Consulate at Shanghai was unknown to the Government before it occurred.

ADULT FRANCHISE FOR WOMEN.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 13th.
Reuter's Lobby correspondent understands that the Prime Minister will announce, in the House of Commons to-morrow, that the Government has decided to give the adult franchise to women without any reservation whatsoever.

LOYALTY TO GREAT BRITAIN.

MAHARAJAH OF KASHMIR'S SPLENDID OFFER.

WISHES TO COME TO CHINA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 13th.

At the Viceroy's Camp at Srinagar appreciative reference was made to the offer of the Maharajah of Kashmir of his personal service and the use of the resources of the State of Kashmir in China, made to the Viceroy at a banquet in his honour at the close of a fortnight's viceregal visit to Kashmir.

The Viceroy (Lord Irwin) said he believed that it would be a bitter disappointment to the Maharajah that the situation did not necessitate the acceptance of his generous offer, but should such an opportunity arise, he (the Viceroy) would rely upon His Highness to give practical expression to the traditional loyalty of his House.

THE BRITISH BUDGET.

LABOUR EX-CHANCELLOR'S CAUSTIC CRITICISM.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, April 12th.

In the House of Commons, opening the debate on the Budget, Mr. Philip Snowden (Labour) recalled that he had described Mr. Churchill's first Budget as a rich man's budget, the second as a profligate and bankrupt budget, and he would describe the third as a combination of both, coupled with jugglery and deceit. No Chancellor had ever been such a ghastly failure. No provision had been made for inevitable supplementary estimates.

Commander Hilton-Young (Conservative) urged the formation of a Cabinet Economy Council, to secure departmental economies.

China "Not a Budget Point."

Mr. Patrick Lawrence (Labour) asked what provision had been made for China, and Mr. Ronald McNeill, replying, declared that the question of China was not a Budget point. He stated that the debate had hitherto not revealed any criticism of Mr. Churchill's proposals. On the contrary, it had produced a chorus of congratulations.

Good Effect On Stock Exchange.

LONDON, April 12th.
On the Stock Exchange the Budget has been well received. Gilt-edged securities are supported. The absence of any raid on sinking funds or increase in Income Tax has brought relief, while industrial shares, which recently had shown hesitation, are now enquired for.

Tobacco, textiles, breweries, matches and Dunlop Rubber Co. shares are all strengthening.

NAVAL LIMITATION.

DISCUSSION PROCEEDING AT GENEVA.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

GENEVA, April 12th.
The Preparatory Disarmament Committee has disposed of the remaining points of divergence in the British and French naval armaments Drafts on the question of limiting effectives, and has reserved the second point in the hope that an acceptable formula will be found.

Viscount Cecil agreed to the limitation of the total effectives on condition that all the contracting parties also agreed. He reiterated the reservation that Britain was only able to make concessions on her own behalf and not as regards the naval effectives of the Dominions.

Mr. Gibson (United States) declared that the limitation of the number of ships would lead to the limitation of effectives.

Viscount Sato (Japan) said he was unable to assent to the limitation of effectives, though he might be able to reconsider the matter on a second reading. He was opposed to dividing a fleet into Home and Colonies and, in this respect, agreed with Britain, America and Italy, whereupon M. Paul Boncour (France) abandoned the distinction between Home and Colonial fleets.

M. Broussiere (Belgium) said it was now possible to submit a single text to the Conference, affirming the principle of the limitation of all effectives, capable of fighting on land.

U.S. PROHIBITION LAW.

EFFECT OF A LEGAL DECISION ON BRITISH SUBJECTS.

[REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE.]

WASHINGTON, April 12th.
The United States Supreme Court has decided that any British subject apprehended by Federal authorities and brought into the United States under the Anglo-American rum-running treaty, can be tried for conspiracy to violate the laws of the United States.

(Continued on next Column).

DON'T TIP THE CONSTABLE.

HE DOES NOT LIKE IT.

"TRY IT ON THE CURATE."

WHERE SHOULD THE LINE BE DRAWN.

An appeal for the abolition of tipping in the police force and a criticism of the attitude of Mr. Chapman, the retired Metropolitan magistrate, on the subject, are features of the report of Sir Leonard Dunning, H.M. Inspector of Constabulary, on the Police of England and Wales, published as a White Paper.

Sir Leonard says that some chief constables perhaps find that the quality of their recruits is higher than of old, but, generally speaking, the difficulty of finding suitable men continues in spite of the many advantages which the service offers.

"Last year I suggested one reason for this: That some likely men looked askance at a service whose members are generally regarded as open to tips. There are, of course, two sides to the question whether this is harmful—that of the giver and that of the recipient—and those who look at it from the first did not seem to accept my suggestion."

Why NOT TIP THE CURATE?

Sir Leonard Dunning goes on to say that the difficulty is to convince the public that they are harming a service of which they are justly proud.

"Let the average man, who thinks it natural to tip a policeman who has done his duty, or who has done some act of kindness or courtesy made possible by his being a policeman, put himself in the other man's position, and imagine what his feelings would be."

Sir Leonard Dunning then quotes the following from Mr. Chapman: "If a policeman brings my wandering dog home to me, I like to reward him, and am rather hurt if he refuses to receive it, which he is inclined to do."

"Where," asks Sir Leonard Dunning, "does Mr. Chapman draw his line of social demarcation between those whose feelings he will hurt to save his own, and those whose feelings he respects?"

"He would not offer half a crown if his dog had been brought back by the curate of his church or the cashier of his bank. Why does he put them above and the policeman below his line?"

"SOCIAL SERVICE" STANDARD.

The following quotation is also made from Mr. Chapman: "I am frequently asked if it is permissible to give a policeman money for services rendered, and my reply is: 'Certainly not if it is a temporary and special service, but certainly not if it is service rendered in the ordinary course of his duty.'"

Why, asks Sir Leonard Dunning, should the policeman be thought incapable of the wish to help and oblige for the mere pleasure of service to others?

"Elsewhere I see 'the offering of a gratuity is a mark of friendship and goodwill, but were I still a policeman I should not covet friendship with my fellow-citizens spoiled by the concession of a tip. If it can be established as a tradition of the service that a policeman does not accept personal payment for any service he renders, great or small, inside or outside the strict limits of his duty, his position in public esteem will reach its proper level, and recruiting will be a matter of choosing the best from numbers of suitable men competing for the privilege of public service.'"

Major-general Sir L. W. Acherley, Inspector of Constabulary, in a report on the Northern District, states that successful results have been obtained in one county force by the use of wireless, which covers the greater part of their industrial district in relief of the telephone system.

"Communications by wireless telephony have also been maintained successfully over shorter distances. In my opinion," he says, "this development has great possibilities for use in wide districts."

This judgment has been given in the case of the British steamer Quadra, seized off the Parallon Islands, in the Pacific. It was held that the seizure was within the zone prescribed by the treaty, but whether it was within the prescribed limits would not affect the question of the guilt or innocence of those aboard.

Defendants' counsel contended that while the United States consular guards were within their rights in seizing the ship and cargo, they had no right to punish the officers and crew, since the treaty had not made such violations of the laws of the United States an offence.



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SHANGHAI RACE MEETING.

WHY IT WAS CANCELLED.
QUESTION OF "GOOD FELLOWSHIP."

Commenting upon the cancellation of the extra race meeting which should have been held at Shanghai on April 9th, the N.C. Daily News says:—

That the community at large will endorse the Stewards' decision cannot be doubted. While there might appear to be no more reason in the actual circumstances of Shanghai why races should not take place than games of football, the effect abroad would be deplorable. The charity funds to which the Race Club has contributed so largely will suffer proportionately; but, inasmuch as a great part of those contributions goes to Chinese, the additional lesson thereby conveyed of what the Nationalists' campaign means in practical effect should not be lost upon them.

The I.R.C.

Meanwhile a report is current that the International Recreation Club is arranging to hold its usual Easter meeting at Kiangwan. In point of fact no decision has been reached at the moment of writing, but we know that members of the I.R.C. have been circled to the effect that one of the battalions of Southern troops, which had occupied the stands, has been withdrawn, that the other is now being confined to the public stand and that the commanding officer has given his assurance that the troops are being stationed there for protective purposes only and that all the men shall be kept under strict discipline. Probably they would be, but that rather accentuates than otherwise the urgent importance, if the Easter meeting is held, of all foreigners being conspicuous by their absence.

"Sport And Good Fellowship."

Some of the Chinese members, we are willing to believe, would like to hold the races merely for sport and good fellowship. But in the minds of others the meeting would undoubtedly figure as a deliberate trap, to lull us into a false sense of security and advertise to the world their ability to maintain law and order outside the barbed wire. So that we think it most probable the Southern troops would be kept under very strict discipline during the meeting. Then it is easy to imagine the headlines in the "defeatist" papers abroad, "British Race in Shanghai under the Protection of Cantonese Troops" and the sarcastic gibes of Labour members. This too with the Nanking horror and a hundred other outrages unavenged and Shanghai the only asylum of thousands of innocent foreigners, who have had to flee from the advance of the gentle and order-loving "Nationalists."

We are willing to believe that the Southern commanders in the Shanghai area are really anxious to keep order, to respect foreign rights and property, to prove that their party are not the barbarians that actual events have made them appear. But those events are too many and too gross to be so easily forgotten. At this moment at least seven important mission hospitals and colleges besides we know not how many minor establishments are held by the Nationalists, who declare that the time has come to "take back," forsooth, land and buildings wholly and lawfully bought and run for the benefit of the Chinese with foreign money.

Assurances Of Protection. Business men all over south and central China are being brought to the verge of ruin by the unprovoked attacks of the Nationalists. And how many homes have been devastated by the same evil agency, it is impossible to compute. Nor has the slightest attempt been made to rectify these wrongs, beyond the payment at Kiukiang of a paltry \$40,000, which will not cover a fifth of the damage done. It can hardly be wondered at that the Southern assurances of "protection" are coldly received. We look for deeds not words, for some tangible effort to make good the enormous losses so unjustly inflicted and to restore the property so flagrantly stolen. Not till this has been done can foreigners meet with Chinese on the friendly ground of a "race course," less of all under the "protection" of Nationalist troops. Let the I.R.C. hold their Easter race meeting if they wish. But let foreigners see to it most carefully that none of them attend.

FOOTBALL.

ARMY ROUT THE NAVY.
TWO GAMES IN RAIN SOAKED GROUNDS.

Yesterday's games resulted as under:—

WAI WAH CUP COMPETITION.

Army 0 Navy 0

HONG KONG LEAGUE: DIVISION I.

China Athletic. 2 Club de Rec. 0
China Athletic secure the runners-up position in the senior League.

LAI WAH CUP.

The heavy rain in the early afternoon turned the playing field at Sookunpoo into a quagmire and the result of the game was chiefly due to the fact that the Army settled down to the adverse conditions which the Navy did not.

By their win, the Army qualify to meet the winners of the Civilians v. China game in the final of the competition.

The players found the ground very greasy while the ball shot about at all angles when striking the ground, though at times it was stopped dead by lighting in a pool. The Army were on top throughout, scoring five goals in the first half and four in the second, without any reply from the Navy.

Fleming at back for the Navy played a sound game and was applauded for good footwork.

Ward, of the Army was responsible for the first goal although Leach actually netted. The Army winger took a forward pass from Donnelly and centered to give Leach a chance, which was accepted, and the Army took the lead. A fine run and centre by the Rev. Alexander, gave Ward a chance to put the Army further ahead, and it was accepted, Ward sending the ball into the net. From a cross by Alexander, Baker turned towards his own goal, Mullett just touching the ball on its way to the net. Alexander worked in and scored the Army's fourth goal from close range and before the interval, Leach scored again for the Army, from a pass by Alexander.

Crossing over five goals down. The Navy took up the attack and kept the Army at home for a time but failed to pass Murray.

Leach beat Mullett from a pass by Alexander and in the next minute, the same player had the ball again in the net. Leach netted the eighth and a splendid effort by Alexander gave the Army a ninth goal lead, the ball just entering the net clear of the post.

The final whistle sounded with the Army leading by nine goals to nil.

The Army team played a capital game on a treacherous ground and all the team did well. Murray in goal was quite at home though he had little to do compared with Mullett in the Navy goal. The Army were well served at forward and combination was good. Simms, Everett and Murdoch played a fine constructive game and held the Navy attack. Fleming of the Navy was good and spoilt many a good movement made by the Army at tack.

CHINA ATHLETIC v. CLUB DE RECREIO.

On the H.K.F.C. ground, the Champions failed to play up to their form of the early season and went down to the Athletic by two clear goals. This game gives the runners-up position in the league to the Athletic.

The ground was practically unfit for such a game there being pools of water all over the ground and accurate play was out of the question. The Athletic took the lead after seventeen minutes play when M. Silva failed to hold a shot from Tso Kwai Sing.

Wong Pak Chong made the game safe for the Athletic in the second half with a well placed shot. Leung Yuk Tong and D. Xavier had to leave the field through injuries and the teams finished up with ten men a-side.

TEAMS FOR REPRESENTATIVE GAMES.

Junior League v. K.O.S.B.'s Reserves.

The following have been chosen to play for the Rest of the Junior League against the K.O.S.B.'s Reserves on Monday next at 3.0 p.m.:—

Wood (Kowloon); Lo Wai Man (China Athletic) and J. Ward (St. Joseph's); Leonard (St. Joseph's); Choi Ping Fan (China Athletic); Miles (Kowloon); Pile (H.K. Club); H. M. Omar (St. Joseph's); (Captain); Roza Pereira (Club de Recreio); Jobe (R.A.) and Eastman (Kowloon).

Reserves:—Whittington (R.A.), Ng Po Lau (China Athletic), Tan Sze Chuen (South China), Davis (R.A.) and A. Ward (St. Joseph's). (Continued on next column).

LAWN TENNIS.

RAIN PREVENTS PLAY.
TO-DAY'S FIXTURES.

A sharp shower of rain yesterday afternoon made the courts at the H.K.C.C. ground unfit for play, the matches, in consequence, being postponed.

No less than five matches in the Open Singles Championship are down for decision to-day. The tie between Redmond and Trambitzky should be the best and most interesting, while Honda, H. D. Ramjahn and S. A. Ramjahn will also appear.

The full list is as follows:

Open Singles.
2nd Round:—Capt. E. W. Morris v. C. C. Stark.

3rd Round:—F. A. Redmond v. N. Trambitzky; T. Honda v. W. B. Cornaby; S. A. Ramjahn v. R. M. Henderson; H. D. Ramjahn v. T. Edo.

Club Singles.
E. G. Howard v. S. M. Garrahy.

Handicap Doubles.
C. H. Eldridge and J. Hall (rec. 4/0) v. L. M. S. Lloyd and W. A. Nowers (rec. 2/0).

HOCKEY.
CLUB WIN AGAIN.

Following up their earlier success this week, when they beat the Tamar and Small Ships team, the Hong Kong Hockey Club 1st XI, were again successful on the United Services Recreation Club ground last evening when they won against a team from the Hong Kong and Singapore Brigade Royal Artillery by 5 goals to 2.

At half-time, the score was two goals to one, in favour of the Club, and after the interval, although the losers added one more point, the Club secured another three. W. Samson scored two goals, W. Woodward two and R. K. Valentine one. Smith played a very fine game for the losers.

RUGBY FOOTBALL.
CLUB v. CAMERONIANS.

This game takes place to-day at 3.30 p.m.

H.K.F.C.:—Armstrong; Pritchard; Bowker, Wright, Lammert; Walter, McKay; Foster, Akhurst, Trevelyan, M. Smith, Lee, Beveridge, Williams, Stephenson.

NEW P. & O. STEAMER.
THE S.S. "MONGOLIA" TO REPLACE VESSEL LOST IN THE WAR.

The str. *Mongolia*, the latest to be completed of the P. & O. Co.'s post-war mail steamers, built by Messrs. Cammell Laird & Co., bears the name of a P. & O. steamer well known in the Australian trade which was lost in the war while en route to Australia. The new *Mongolia* presents a variation from the type of previous ships designed for the P. & O. Company's Australian mail line, which will not lessen her popularity with voyagers to and from the Southern Dominions. The *Naldora* and *Narkunda*, which have been completed within the last two years, are, as passenger steamers, lined descendants of their forerunners of the "M" class, but, while exhibiting the best qualities of their predecessors, they are distinguished from them in that they embody the accumulated improvement in design based upon experience in the operation of the earlier ships, in gradually increasing numbers, over a period of seventeen years. While in the *Naldora* and *Narkunda*, each approximately 65,000 tons gross, with a length of 605 feet, accommodation is provided on four decks for 833 first and second saloon passengers, the *Mongolia* of the same tonnage and length is designed for a lesser number, her berthing plan providing for 222 first and 175 second-class passengers, a total of 397, on three decks. The chief difference is that while the main deck and the three decks above it are, in the *Naldora*, devoted to passengers' various uses, the new *Mongolia* carries all passenger accommodation above the upper deck, i.e., on the promenade, shade and shelter decks respectively.

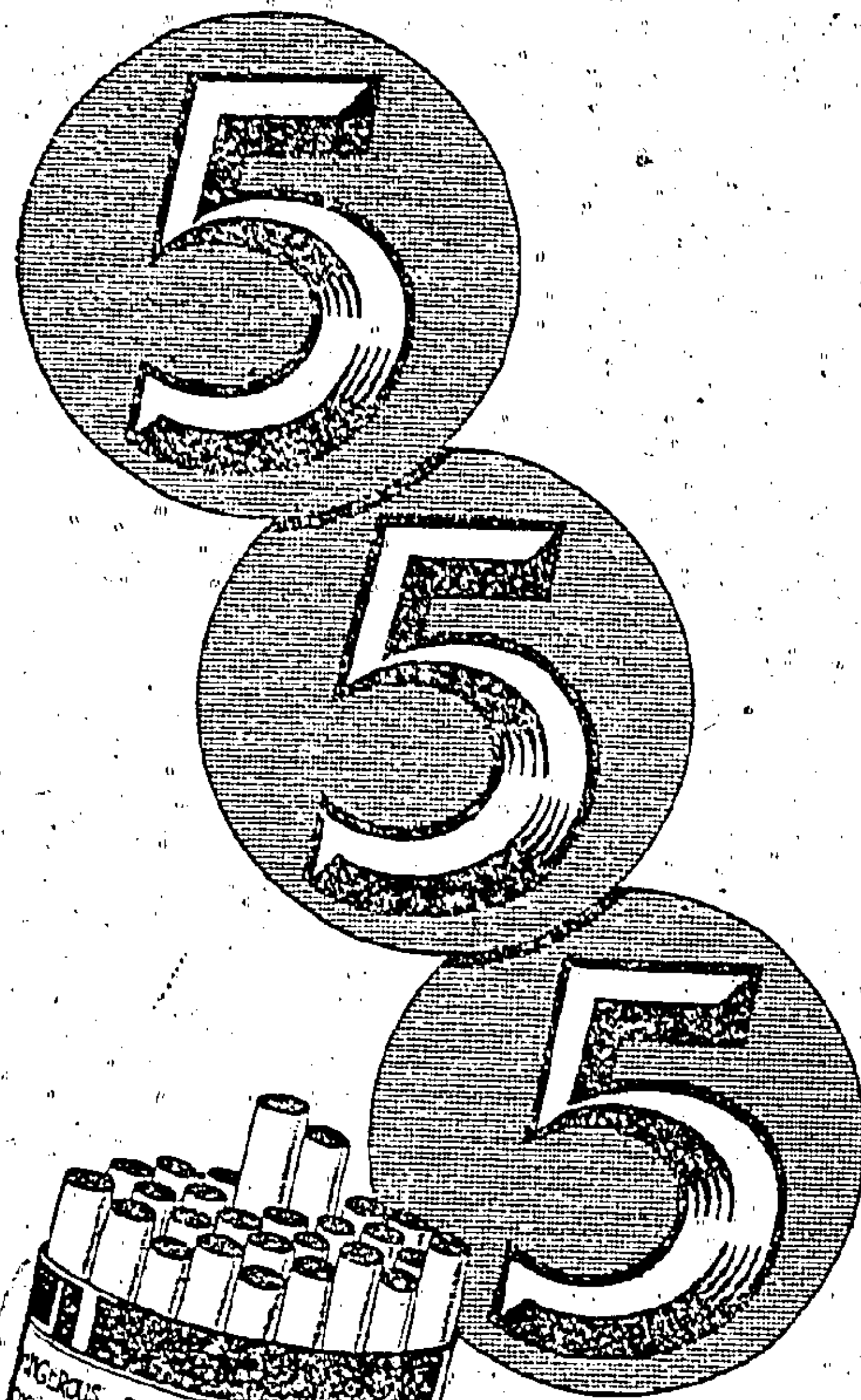
Hong Kong v. The Army.

The following have been chosen to play for Hong Kong against the Army at Sookunpoo on Saturday 3rd instant.

Clarke (Police); Wynne (Police) and Fleming (H.K. Club); C. F. Remedios (Club de Recreio); Howard (H.K. Club) and Lam Yuk Ying (China Athletic); Tso Kwai Sing (China Athletic); Fung King Cheung (South China); Gosano (Club de Recreio); Sun Kum Shun (China Athletic) and Brown (Club de Recreio).

Reserves:—Bishop (H.K. Club); Hudson (Police) and J. Silva (Club de Recreio). Team to play in white.

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A FEW HINTS FROM BERLIN.
STOCKINGS OUT OF FAVOUR AT ART BALL.

The people of Berlin have danced through the winter at a series of monster balls, writes the *Daily Mail* correspondent.

There have been stately balls, such as the ball of the Berlin Press, to which everybody who is anybody goes, merely jolly balls, such as the ball of the Austrian colony, and frivolous balls, at which everybody tries to assume an air of unfathomable wickedness.

The Berlin Press ball is so grand that it is dull. Thousands of people sit at tables to sup on champagne and solid food, and their chief amusement is to quiz the rest of the world. Before the box in which the Cabinet Ministers and their wives sit there is always a crowd of people who watch these great personages eat as if they were animals in a cage.

The young may amuse themselves by dancing, but most people are at the Press ball just to see and be seen.

It costs them a lot. The two pounds for admission is only the beginning of the evening's expenditure, and what with a bottle of champagne here and a lobster there, a "five" is a modest estimate for the night's amusement. Luckily, people in Berlin can afford to be extravagant.

Less-the-Better Dresses.

One of the most brilliant of the frivolous balls was given by the Reimann School of Art. It was in the huge marble hall and all the other halls at the Zoo and every body had to go in fancy dress, and the less of it the better. Stockings were unfashionable and so were backs to bodices. A very short skirt and a bit of chiffon in front made a smart costume, and I noted with interest that the bit of chiffon was kept in place by being tied to a necklace. The wearer was a highly respectable married woman with several children. A German acquaintance presented me to his wife, who wore a top hat, black shorts, and a few fragments of tulle above them.

Men were as daring as women. A young man in Spanish trousers of heliotrope satin and a tiny Spanish coat wore no shirt and luckily had a good figure. Another had silver shorts and a narrow band of silver round his bare body.

One of the most admired people at the ball was a young man who wore trousers made of founcons of (Continued on next column).

MOCK MARRIAGE AT CAMBRIDGE.

The culmination of a great Cambridge "rag" was the capture by undergraduates of an omnibus taking a number of women students back to Giron.

The omnibus was held up on King's parade and decorated with streamers and various advertisements relating to the "necessities and amusements of 'Poor Wee Fanny'."

The girls were then harangued by "Mr. Peabody's Mission," which, mounted on a lorry, with harmonium and hymn books, bore a banner with the unexpected device, "Make Giron Good."

A Cambridge society for "The Promotion of Equal Wrongs for Women" also did a little propaganda work, and the "Bishops' Conference" arrived on the scene in a motor-car to witness "the first marriage according to the new Prayer-book."

This ceremony was performed outside King's College Chapel as the omnibus was being stormed. The "bride" wore a sleeveless gown of curtain lace net.

It was all quite good-humoured, and the Giron girls and the crowd enjoyed the "rag" as much as the participants.

white georgette, a diaphanous cloak of white embroideries, thrown back to show his bare chest, and a high white hat with a huge bunch of green and orange ostrich feathers. He carried a great fan of orange feathers and tortoise shell.

Bad Boys' Ball.

A grave young man in white shorts and a little white cloak hanging from his shoulders accompanied a young woman who was covered from head to toe in a thin net so tight that she could only crawl through the rooms at a snail's pace. Both looked as if they were suffering for the higher art-life.

The annual Bad Boys' ball at the Sports Palace attracted a middle-class public and admission is only ten shillings. The thing is to come dressed as a small child, and the sight of stout German fathers in sailor suits and stout German mothers in short print frocks is unforgettable.

Lent is here but it brings no respite. There was a Grand Ash Wednesday ball, and any night of the month one may plunge into a seething mob of dancers at one or other of Berlin's monster balls.

JAPANESE VESSEL
AGROUND.LIMPED INTO HARBOUR
AFTER STRIKING
ROCKS.

EXTENSIVE DAMAGE DONE.

After meeting with an alarming mishap at Tatum Point, the s.s. *Scotland Maru* managed to get into Hong Kong harbour early yesterday morning but when nearing Kowloon Bay, the vessel was making water so rapidly that the master had to beach her.

The *Scotland Maru* was on her homeward voyage from Liverpool to Shanghai and Japan. A heavy fog beset her at about 8.30 on Tuesday night and the vessel went ashore at Tatum Point, striking the rocks rather badly. S.O.S. messages were sent out but there appears to have been no response. The ill-fated steamer, however, managed to come into port unaided at about 2.30 yesterday morning. The *Scotland Maru* was in a very sorry condition and the master had to run her ashore at Kowloon Bay.

The vessel was carrying about 6,000 tons of cargo, of which, about 300 tons were destined for this port. The Nippon Yusen Kaisha are the local agents of this steamer at Hong Kong, and her owner is the Kawasaki Kisen Kaisha of Kobe. She was built in 1919 by the Kawasaki Dockyard at Kobe and is 355 feet long with a breadth of 51 feet and depth of 36 feet.

The damage sustained were said to be rather extensive. Her Nos. 1, 2 and 3 holds are leaking very badly, there being at least 13 feet of water in the No. 2 hold and slightly less in the others. Heavy damage was done to the cargo; the exact amount of which will not be ascertained until the goods are discharged and a survey made.

The stranded steamer has been placed in the hands of the Hong Kong and Whampoa Dock Co., and lighters have been sent alongside to take off the freights.

S.S. "PRESIDENT JACKSON."

The s.s. *President Jackson* arrived here yesterday morning from Manila with about 35 cabin passengers for Hong Kong, and has on board over 70 cabin passengers for Shanghai, Yokohama, San Francisco and Los Angeles. The liner will leave for Shanghai this morning.

Among those on board were:—Dr. and Mrs. V. G. Alberto and family. A prominent specialist of Manila, making a short pleasure trip to Hong Kong.

Mrs. Consuelo Oroco: Widow of the former Chief Tobacco Inspector of the Bureau of Internal Revenue at Manila, en route to Washington.

Mrs. B. de Romualdez and children. Wife of Mayor Romualdez of Manila, on a pleasure trip to Hong Kong.

Through Passengers for Shanghai. Mr. Geo. J. McCarthy: Passenger agent for the Orient and the Dollar S.S. Line and the American Mail Line, returning to Shanghai from Manila.

Mrs. B. V. Meade, Mrs. D. C. Godwin, Master D. C. Godwin, Mrs. L. J. Webb, Master B. Webb, wives and children of U.S. Naval Officers, en route to Shanghai.

Mrs. C. S. Williams: Wife of Admiral Williams, Commander of the U.S. Asiatic Squadron, en route to Shanghai, where her husband is in command of the American Forces.

In Transit Passengers for Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles. Mr. M. M. Axelrod: Representing the Manufacturers Life Insurance Company of New York City. On one of his annual business trips to the Orient.

Mr. O. J. de la Torre: Assistant manager of the Estrella del Norte, well-known jewellery concern of Manila.

Mr. C. D. Evans: Manager of Armour and Company in the Philippines. On an extended business trip to Chicago.

Mr. A. D. Gibbs: A prominent attorney of Manila, en route to San Francisco, Calif.

Mr. W. J. Gorham: Representing the Gorham Engineering Co., of San Francisco.

Mr. J. F. Logel: A Real Estate Operator of Los Angeles.

Mrs. C. M. Malcom: Mother of Justice Malcom of the Philippines Supreme Court.

Mr. M. M. Morgan: Manager of the Elks Club of Manila.

Mr. E. S. von Pionkowski: Chief engineer of the Manila Railroad Co., and a resident of Manila for many years.

Dr. V. D. Szenoosky: En route to Honolulu, where he will take charge of the Medical Department of one of the large steamers running between San Francisco, Honolulu and the South Sea Islands.

Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Taylor: Connected with the Pacific Commercial Co. at Cebu, on a vacation trip to the U.S.

Mr. E. H. Wilson: Representing the Real Roller Bit Co., of Houston Texas. Returning from an extended business tour of India, Java and the Orient.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS.

Per s.s. *President Jackson*, from Manila, on April 13th:—For Hong Kong: Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Alano, Dr. and Mrs. V. G. Alberto, Master V. G. Alberto, Master A. Alberto, Master Jose Alberto, Master Luis Alberto, Master Eugene Alberto, Fr. M. Alonso, Mrs. C. A. Barretto, Miss Annalin Barretto, Mrs. N. F. de Barreto, Sister W. Carey, Mr. T. S. Crowat, Mr. Yves Henry, Sister Mary Lewis, Mrs. C. Orozco, Mr. P. T. Orozco, Mrs. A. Portello, Mrs. B. de Romualdez, Miss A. Romualdez, Master F. de Romualdez, Mrs. Edith Syquia, Mrs. M. Trinidad, Rev. F. Valencin, Mr. Henry B. Young. Among passengers passing through on their way to Shanghai were: Mr. W. Berent, Mrs. D. C. Godwin, Master D. C. Godwin, Mrs. B. L. Haskell, Mr. Geo. J. McCarthy, Mrs. B. V. Meade, Mrs. F. W. Muller, Mr. A. Siefken, Mrs. L. J. Webb, Master B. Webb, Mrs. C. S. Williams, Mr. J. Silverthorne. For Kobe: Mr. T. Ide, Mr. and Mrs. N. Nakamura, For Yokohama: Mr. H. B. Fowler, Mr. M. E. Fowler, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. F. Svec, Miss P. M. Svec, Miss A. L. Taylor. For Honolulu, San Francisco, and Los Angeles: Miss H. Allen, Mr. M. M. Axelrod, Mr. and Mrs. O. Baler, Miss A. Laffranchi, Mr. and Mrs. A. Connor, Miss M. C. Connor, Miss F. E. Connor, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Evans, Miss L. Evans, Master A. W. Evans, Miss M. F. Evans, Mr. A. D. Gibbs, Mr. W. J. Gorham, Mr. R. Lindner, Mrs. M. L. Liddell, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Logel, Miss B. R. Logel, Mrs. C. M. Malcom, Mr. F. C. Miles, Mrs. M. C. Miles, Miss J. F. Miles, Mr. M. Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. E. S. von Pionkowski, Col. and Mrs. A. Post, Mrs. D. L. V. de Quirino, Mr. F. E. Quirino, Mr. C. de Quirino, Mrs. A. M. Shepard, Dr. V. D. Szenoosky, Mrs. E. V. Spielberger, Miss L. A. Spielberger, B. C. Spielberger, Master R. C. Spielberger, Rev. W. J. Smith, Mrs. W. J. Smith, Master G. W. Smith, Miss B. Smith, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Taylor, Capt. W. J. Todd, Mrs. E. A. Todd, Miss V. L. Trimble, Mr. E. H. Wilson, and Miss C. N. Worman.

Per s.s. *General Metzinger*, from Shanghai and Japan: Mrs. Baboud and four infants, Mr. and Mrs. Michaud, Mrs. Fay and three children, Mrs. Poupelain and two infants, Mr. and Mrs. Cooper, Mrs. Laffranchi, Mrs. E. M. Guignard and baby, Mrs. V. Vallantin, Mrs. J. Vallantin and two infants, Mrs. and Miss White, Mrs. Charlot and two infants, Mrs. Genaberg and infant, Mr. and Mrs. Mary and baby, Mr. M. du Vignaux, Mr. Pugin, Mr. Cheneard, Mr. Barrau, Mrs. Foulletier and baby, Mr. Pettier, Rev. Bouillon, Mr. and Mrs. A. Donnat, Mrs. Fougere, Mr. W. E. Ware, Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Parker, Miss Scott, Miss L. Rinaud, Messrs. E. S. S. and P. Wiesner, Rev. and Mrs. Preston, Misses M. and B. Preston, Mr. Rudolf, Mr. and Mrs. J. Lower, Rev. Brun, Mr. A. Bovigny, Miss H. Barnett, Miss Heres, Mr. Taddel, Mrs. Fischer, Mrs. Ker-sule, Mr. Michon, Miss J. Ledere, Mrs. Bordes, Mr. F. Henri, Mr. Asaka, Mr. and Mrs. R. Appelle, Mr. Lapine, Mr. and Mrs. Schneiders, Mrs. L. Landres, Mr. R. M. Tsianger, Rev. E. J. Hilgeman, Mrs. M. Seeker, Mrs. Merkulo, Misses Denise, Cora and Tina, Miss Zender, Rev. Locual, Misses Unpleby, M. Wilson, Weid and Unpleby, Sisters Maria and Camille, Mr. and Mrs. Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Chapeaux, Miss J. Veyseyre, Mr. Benza, Mr. Rapin, Mr. Antenne, Mrs. H. Wakelman and child, Mr. Thompson, Mr. H. G. Ruxton, Mr. Chauviere, Mr. and Mrs. Stibel, Mr. E. H. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Worley, Mrs. Barrois, Mrs. L. Ebb, Miss B. N. Jarvin, Mr. T. MacGowan, Mr. and Mrs. Strange, Mr. and Mrs. Morel, Miss W. Embrey, Sister Clementine, Mr. and Mrs. Sinding, Mr. and Mrs. Prost, Mr. R. J. Burke Close.

Per s.s. *Takima*, from Calcutta and Straits, on April 13th:—Major Gignell, Mr. H. C. Gots, Mr. J. T. Dillon, Mr. J. M. Bowman, Mr. V. R. Ashby, Mr. C. G. Brown, Mr. Lennon, Mr. C. M. T. H. G. Brayfield, Mr. E. F. Bell, Mr. J. H. Nabapiet, Miss V. F. Harvey, Miss Sassoon, Miss R. Judah, Mr. H. Simons, L/Cpls. de Linney and Chandler, Ptes. Warrick, Weston, Gallagher, Ellis, Brickelbank, Elliott, Fretwell and Brewett.

Per s.s. *President Taft*, for Manila, on April 13th:—Rev. F. C. Brading, Mr. R. Bolter, Mr. J. Banzon, Miss E. Chamberlain, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Colbath, Mr. and Mrs. Howard Goldin, Mr. F. Hammond, Mr. J. M. Huppman, Mrs. V. S. Hood, Mrs. Luisa F. de Lichauco, Miss Luisa de la Cruz, Mr. A. F. Lees, Mr. C. de Legaspi, Miss P. de Legaspi, Master R. de Legaspi, Mrs. C. de Legaspi, Mr. Wm. R. Kahana, Mr. W. A. Votaw, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Byram, Mr. and Mrs. R. Mass, Rev. and Mrs. T. P. Maslin, Master T. P. Maslin, Jr., Master P. I. Maslin, Miss M. Maslin, Mrs. P. Hiecker, Miss M. Parsons, Miss O. Rusinko, Mrs. C. Rheims, Mrs. J. M. Slater, Mr. R. L. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. I. Wise, Mrs. M. Kimberley, Mr. D. S. Eckert, Mr. and Mrs. Clinton E. Stahl, Mr. M. H. Toulz.

HOME MAILS.

INWARD AND OUTWARD.

Several inward mails from Home and America have arrived and more are due to arrive this week.

Yesterday the *President Jackson* discharged here a big mail from the United States, Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai. To-day another mail is due from the same ports by the *Amoy Maru*. On Saturday the *Sacramento* should bring Northern mail and Home and Europe mail via Siberia, and also due the same day is the *Outerderk* with mails from Home via the same route and also from the North. The *President McKinley* is due on Sunday with American, Canadian, and Northern mail, and the P. & O. s.s. *Kiama*, although scheduled by the agents to arrive on Saturday evening, will not have her mail ready for delivery by the Post Office until Sunday morning. She is bringing letters and papers from Home, dated London, March 17th, and parcels of a week earlier.

Other American and Northern mails due the following week are notified in the daily mail list. Outwards, the *President Jackson* is leaving with mail for the North, Japan, Honolulu, U.S.A., Canada and Central and South America and also for Home via San Francisco and via Siberia. The mail closes to-day at 5 p.m. For the Home mail via Suez, the parcels mail closes this evening at five o'clock, but the letter mail closes on Saturday at 10.30 a.m. It will be despatched by the P. & O. s.s. *Deceat*. The *Chongta* mail for Australia, etc., closes to-morrow at 10.30 a.m. Another mail for Home via Siberia will be despatched on Sunday by the s.s. *Kiama*, closing at 8.30 a.m. A similar mail the next day goes by the *Hakone Maru*, closing at 9 a.m.

THE CHINA COAST.
LATEST CHANGES IN
OFFICER PERSONNEL.

The following are the latest changes in officer personnel on the China Coast:—

Captain E. M. Gellie, of the *Wuhu*, has gone master, *Sinking*. Captain J. P. King, of the *Sinking*, has gone master, *Wichow*. Captain T. W. Pickard, of the *Wichow*, is on reserve.

Mr. D. C. Cameron, second officer, *Yunnan*, has gone second officer, *Sinking*.

Captain J. S. de Wolf, from Home leave, has gone master, *Tai-koo Wan Yi*. Captain D. Lupton, of the *Tai-koo Wan Yi*, has gone master, *Wichow*.

Mr. R. S. Goldie, from Home leave, has gone second officer, *Wichow*.

Mr. M. W. Hayter, third engineer, *Sinking*, has gone third engineer, *Wichow*.

Mr. A. J. N. Wood, sup'y chief officer, *Pinguo*, has gone sup'y chief officer, *Sinking*.

Mr. R. G. Gillespie has been appointed second officer, *Kiungo*.

Mr. A. Cameron, from Home leave, has gone chief officer, *Pinguo*.

Mr. N. Richardson, second officer, *Chongta*, has gone acting chief officer, *Kiungo*.

Mr. R. E. Smith, second officer, *Tsingtau*, is on reserve.

Captain C. Campbell, of the *Tuckoo*, is on Home leave.

Captain F. Rowell, from reserve, has gone master, *Tuckoo*.

Captain J. W. Pittigrew, from reserve, has gone master, *Tungwa*.

Captain A. J. Rookledge, of the *Kiungo*, is on Home leave.

Mr. C. D. Nichol, chief officer, *Hoping*, is on reserve.

Mr. W. D. Rogers, chief officer, *Hain Tungtau*, has gone master, *Tsingtau*.

Captain O. C. Blown, of the *Tsingtau*, is on reserve.

Mr. O. C. Dalziel, second officer, *Haiching*, has gone chief officer, same ship.

Captain E. A. Stewart, of the *Haiching*, has gone to shore duty.

Mr. W. G. Erwin, chief officer, *Haiching*, has gone master, same ship.—*Shipping & Engineering*.

Watery Pimples
On Baby's Head
Cuticura Healed

"My baby's head broke out all over with watery pimples that itched and burned terribly keeping her awake. She used to scratch them and make them bleed, and in a very short time the trouble spread to the back of her car. Her hair all fell out and I got no rest day or night with her."

"I sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment and after the first application she got relief. I purchased more and after using one cake of Cuticura Soap and one box of Cuticura Ointment she was healed." (Signed) Mrs. F. Jewell, 25, Well St., Plymouth, Eng.

Make Cuticura Soap and Ointment your every-day toilet preparations and have a clear, sweet skin, soft, smooth hands and a healthy scalp with good hair. Cuticura Talcum is unexcelled in purity. Soap and Ointment sold throughout the world. Write for free sample. Cuticura Soap Co., Ltd., 10, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4, U.K.

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GUNS by W. W. GREENER WEBLEY and SCOTT, and Other Makers—British, French and American.

R.S.A. Air Rifles, and Miniature Rifles, 22 Calibre, Repeating and Automatic.

SPORTING CARTRIDGES of all descriptions. Agents for W. W. GREENER, LTD., BIRMINGHAM.

HONG KONG SPORTING ARMS AND AMMUNITION STORE, 6, BARNARD STREET, ADOBE.

HONG KONG METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

Hong Kong Observatory, April 13th.				
	Previous Day	On Date	On Date	On Date
	Day	at 2 p.m.	at 6 a.m.	at 2 p.m.
Barometer...	29.73	29.72	29.70	
Temperature...	72	78	79	
Humidity...	72	93	83	
Wind...				
Direction...	SSW	SSW	SSW	
Force...	2	0	0	
Weather...	0.00	0.00	0.00	
Rain...	0.00	0.00	0.00	

Highest open-air Temperature, 13th: 82
Lowest open-air Temperature, 13th: 70

B-Blue sky; C-Cloudy; D-Drizzle; F-Fog; L-Lightning; M-Mist; O-Overcast; P-Passing showers; Q-Squalls; R-Rain; T-Thunder.

HONG KONG TIDE TABLE.

From April 14th to 20th, 1927.				
Days of Week		High Water		Low Water
Date	Month	Hong Kong Standard Time	Height	Hong Kong Standard Time
Thur.	14	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Fri.	15	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Sat.	16	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Sun.	17	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Mon.	18	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Tues.	19	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
Wed.	20	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.

CONSIGNEE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.

CHINA MUTUAL STRAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

FROM UNITED KINGDOM Via SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES per Co.'s Steamers:

"GLAUCUS"

has hereby notified that the Cargo will be

discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon,

where it will be at Consignees' risk and

subject to Terms and Conditions of

Storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will

be ready for Delivery from Godown on

and after 11th April.

Optional Cargo will not be landed here,

unless Notice has been given prior to

Steamer's arrival, but carried on from

port to port to the final port of call to

which the option extends.

All broken, chafed and damaged Goods

are to be left in the Godowns, where they

will be examined on any Tuesday and

Friday between the hours of 10.30 a.m.

and Noon within the Free Storage period.

No Claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Steamer's Godown,

and all Goods remaining undelivered

after the 18th April, will be subject

to Rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must

be presented to the Underwriter on or

before the 3rd May, or they will

not be recognized.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE,

Agents. [4794]

11th April, 1927.

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINE.

THE Motorship "HESSEN"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo by

her are hereby notified that all Goods

are being landed at their risk into the

hazardous and/or extra hazardous God-

owns of the Hong Kong and Kowloon

Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., whence,

unless from the Wharves, Delivery can

be effected.

No Claims will be admitted after the

Goods have left the Godowns, and all

Goods remaining undelivered after 15th

April, 1927, will be subject to Rent.

All Claims must reach us by 25th

April, 1927, or they will not be

recognized.

All damaged Packages will be examined

by Messrs. Goldard and Douglas

(Marine Surveyors) at 10 a.m. on the

18th April, 1927.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned

by

JERSEN & Co.

Agents, Hong Kong.

Hong Kong, 10th April, 1927. [4793]

AUSTRAL-CHINA NAVIGATION

CO., LTD.

S.S. "CALULU"

SAILING ON OR ABOUT 20TH APRIL

FOR

SYDNEY, MELBOURNE AND

ADELAIDE.

YOKAHAMA

MANILA, KOLAMBUGAN,

SANDAKAN, SEBASTIAK, BALIK-

PAPAN, NAURU AND RABAU.

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Agents. [4718]

THE NEW PATENT REMEDY

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Sole for Hong Kong, No. 2 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 3 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 4 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 5 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 6 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 7 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 8 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 9 for Hong Kong and

Sole for Hong Kong, No. 10 for Hong Kong and

SHIPBUILDERS.
SHIP REPAIRERS.
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OXY-ACETYLENE AND
ELECT

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

WEIHAWEI, CHEFOO & TIENTSIN	... "HUIHOW" ... On 15th April, 4 p.m.
SHANGHAI	... "LINAN" ... On 16th April, 6 a.m.
SWATOW & SINGAPORE	... "KWANGTUNG" ... On 16th April, 3 p.m.
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	... "SUIYANG" ... On 16th April, 5 p.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI, NEWCHOW & DALNY	... "KANOW" ... On 16th April, 5 p.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	... "ANKING" ... On 17th April, 6 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	... "KIANGSU" ... On 17th April, Noon
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	... "SUNNING" ... On 19th April, 6 a.m.
SWATOW & SHANGHAI	... "CHENAN" ... On 21st April, 10 a.m.
HOIHOW & HAIPHONG	... "TEAN" ... On 21st April, Noon
SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	... "SHANTUNG" ... On 23rd April, 6 a.m.
SWATOW, SHANGHAI, NEWCHOW & DALNY	... "LUCHOW" ... On 24th April, 6 a.m.
AMOI, SWATOW & SINGAPORE	... "ANTUNG" ... On 24th April, 6 a.m.
SWATOW & BANGKOK	... "KWANGCHOW" ... On 24th April, 10 a.m.
AMOI, SHANGHAI & TIENTSIN	... "SZECHUEN" ... On 26th April, 6 a.m.

SALON PASSAGE RATES, HONG KONG TO SHANGHAI and vice versa, Have Now Been Reduced To
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Excellent & Most Up-to-date First & Second Class
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HONGKONG TO SYDNEY—19 DAYS.

STEAMER	Due Hong Kong on or about	SAILING HONG KONG ON OR ABOUT
CHANGTE	10th May	15th April
TAIPING	11th June	17th May
CHANGTE	12th July	18th June
TAIPING	8th July	15th July

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(ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.)

Sailings from Hongkong.	Via Suez Canal	20th April
S.S. "CITY OF DUNKIRK"	...	...
S.S. "EUMAEUS"	...	...
S.S. "ELPENOR"	...	...

Steamers proceed via Suez Canal or Panama Canal at Owners' option.
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M.V. "JAPANESE PRINCE" ... 6th May, 1927

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Monthly Sailings direct to HAMBURG, ROTTERDAM, DUNKIRK—
s/s "CAPT. FAURE" ... 15th April.
s/s "SI-KIANG" ... 15th May.

s.s. "MIN" due to arrive from DUNKIRK, LONDON, HAVRE
about the 22nd April.

SERVICES CONTRACTUELS (Mail Service)

Steamers	Sailings from Marcelles	Arr. at Hong Kong & Sailings for Shanghai and Japan	Sailings from Hong Kong for Marcelles
AMAZONE	...	11th Mar.	28th April
CHENONCEAUX	...	26th Mar.	10th May
ATHOS II	...	8th April	24th May
D'ARTAGNAN	...	22nd April	7th June
ANGERS	...	...	21st June

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY TO MARSEILLES
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A Class 1st Class—£ 39. 0d. 01. B Class 1st Class—£ 35. 0d. 01.
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Cie des MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
Telephone: Central 740. 3, Quai de Bercy, PARIS.

Shipping News Arrivals and Departures, etc.

ARRIVALS.

April 11th.
Unda, British str., 879 tons, Capt. N. Nesbit, from Singapore and Poochow, with a general cargo, lying at Takkokut.—A.P.C.

April 12th.
Aizawa Maru No. 21, Japanese str., 546 tons, Capt. T. Takeuchi, from Canton, lying at buoy No. C33.—M.B.K.

Apoy, British str., 1,778 tons, Capt. W. Anderson, from Saigon, with rice and cement, lying at buoy No. A10.—Wo Fat Shing.

Haiyen, Chinese str., 910 tons, Capt. F. Semmelmann, from Haiphong and Pakhoi, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B32.—Sing Kee & Co.

Hanoi, French str., 730 tons, Capt. Cruchot, from Fort Bayard, with coal and rice, lying at buoy No. C14.—M.M.

Hydrung, British str., 560 tons, Capt. Wm. Peritt, from Fort Bayard, with a general cargo, lying at Chiu On Wharf.—Chiu On S.S. Co.

Saiyo Maru, Japanese str., 4,770 tons, Capt. R. Matsui, from Bombay and Singapore, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A3.—N.Y.K.

Skyrmer, Norwegian str., 1,139 tons, Capt. R. Mithassel, from Saigon, with a cargo of rice, lying at buoy No. C48.—Karste Larsen & Co.

Taitching, British str., 1,770 tons, Capt. C. Alexandre, from Canton, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B32.—Jardine, Matheson & Co.

April 13th.
Chenonceaux, French str., 3,378 tons, Capt. Durrieux, from Marseilles, which port she left on March 11th, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—M.M.

Cremier, Dutch str., 2,730 tons, Capt. H. C. Blits, from Swatow, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. A8.—J.C.V.L.

Bercent, Chinese str., 1,560 tons, Capt. E. Jones, from Singapore, with a cargo of firewood, lying at buoy No. A5.—Yuet On S.S. Co.

General Metinger, French str., 5,334 tons, Capt. T. Filippi, from Yokohama and Shanghai, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—M.M.

Hengcheong, Chinese str., 1,111 tons, Capt. M. Wikman, from Bangkok and Kuching, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. C15.—Kwang Ngan Seng.

Kuaji Maru, Japanese str., 1,123 tons, Capt. Y. Okura, from Swatow, with coal and general cargo, lying at O.S.K. Wharf.—O.S.K.

Liku Maru, Japanese str., 1,935 tons, Capt. M. Yamamoto, from Mike, with a cargo, lying at buoy No. B31.—M.B.K.

Luchow, British str., 1,221 tons, Capt. W. G. McKenzie, from Tientsin, with a general cargo, lying at buoy No. B12.—B. & S.

President Jackson, American str., Capt. John Griffith, from Manila, with 579 tons of general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—A.M.L.

Takliwa, British str., 3,742 tons, Capt. J. Hannaford, from Calcutta, with a general cargo, lying at Kowloon Wharf.—M.M.

Tjilatroem, Dutch str., 3,668 tons, Capt. C. J. Grootes, from Batavia and Amoy, with bigs and general cargo, lying at buoy No. A8.—J.C.V.L.

CLEARANCES.

April 13th.
Aizawa Maru, for Keelung.
Chenonceaux, for Shanghai.
Hanoi, for Canton.
Luchow, for Canton.
Saiyo Maru, for Moji.
Suifuang, for Canton.
Tak Hing, for Autau.

PASSENGERS.

ARRIVALS.
For s.s. Chenonceaux, from Marseilles and ports: Mr. Corraie, Mr. Ferguson, Mrs. Thompson, Mrs. M. Ellis, Mr. C. J. Clackett, Mr. and Mrs. Cornwell, Mr. and Mrs. Banks, Mr. and Mrs. Shiels, Mr. and Mrs. Sheip, Mrs. Stockham, Miss Hartman, Mrs. le Favou, Mrs. Prell, Mrs. MacCarthy, Miss Hendrie, Mrs. Fogg, Mrs. Rodling, Mrs. W. J. Stirrell, Mrs. Dalton, Miss Shay, Mrs. Rich, Mr. Black, Mr. Rehner, Mr. Warner, Mr. Storris, Mr. Dunpace, Mr. Bommer, Mr. Davis, Mr. Forbes, Mr. Bowyer, Mr. Papel, Brumder, Misses Brumder, Michelin and Renee Couston, Mr. Guillot, Mr. Allan, Mr. Walker, Justesen, Mr. and Mrs. Lazaridis, Mr. Nunes, Miss Anderson, Mrs. M. T. van Beccop, Mr. Hart, Mr. Evangelista, Mrs. Abejar, Mr. M. Walker.

YESTERDAY'S SHIPPING ARRIVALS.

A LARGE NUMBER OF PASSENGERS.

Apart from the s.s. President Jackson arriving yesterday, particulars of whose freight and passengers, etc., are given elsewhere, two French mail boats and a British India ship also entered port. The M.M. Chenonceaux, from Marseilles and Saigon, carried 448 passengers, of whom 87 were first class, 31 second class, 54 third class and 276 fourth class. There are also a number of French military officers and other ranks from Indo-China on the way to Shanghai.

The M.M. General Metinger arriving from the North, en route to Saigon and Marseilles had on board 445 passengers of all classes.

The B.I. Takliwa arrived from Straits with many European passengers, the majority of whom disembarked here. In addition there were 303 Chinese deck passengers for Hong Kong, and one Chinese deported from Singapore. All the deck passengers were from the Straits. For Amoy there were over 400 Chinese deck passengers.

Among the European passengers arriving for Hong Kong were Major Bignell, Mr. H. C. Gotta, Mr. J. T. Dillon and Mr. C. G. Brown all from Calcutta. Among the passengers from Singapore was Mr. T. H. G. Brayfield.

DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINE

AND

AMERICAN MAIL LINE

(ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE)

JOINT TRANS-PACIFIC SERVICE

A Regular Weekly Sailing

TO SAN FRANCISCO OR SEATTLE.

THE "PRESIDENT LINERS"

TO SAN FRANCISCO VIA HONOLULU SHANGHAI

KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

"THE SUNSHINE BELT"

PRESIDENT JACKSON ... Friday, April 15th, 6:00 a.m.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY ... Tuesday, Apr. 18th

PRESIDENT LINCOLN ... Tuesday, May 10th

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND ... Tuesday, May 24th

PRESIDENT PIERCE ... Tuesday, June 7th

Thereafter Fortnightly Sailings on Tuesdays.

HONG KONG TO EUROPE

SPECIAL LOW RATES

Via San Francisco or Seattle

£120 £112

DIRECT CONNECTIONS WITH ALL ATLANTIC LINES

Choice of railway line across United States

and Canada, with liberal stop-over privileges for

Sightseeing. Ask for information. Following are

suggested itineraries:—

From Hong Kong	Via	Connecting with Steamship	From N. York	Arriving at
Apr. 15	San Francisco	Aquitania	May 11	C'burg-S'umpta May 17
Apr. 20	Seattle	Geo. Washington	May 16	P'mth-C'burg May 27
Apr. 26	San Francisco	Republic	May 20	P'mth-C'burg June 6
May 4	Seattle	Aquitania	May 31	C'burg-S'umpta June 6
May 10	San Francisco	Leviathan	June 11	C'burg-S'umpta June 17
May 18	Seattle	Geo. Washington	June 16	P'mth-C'burg June 23
May 24	San Francisco	Majestic	June 20	C'burg-S'umpta July 1
May 31	Seattle	Berengaria	June 25	C'burg-S'umpta July 6
June 7	San Francisco	Olympic	July 10	C'burg-S'umpta July 15
June 15	Seattle	Aquitania	July 13	C'burg-S'umpta July 19
June 21	San Francisco	Homeric	July 20	C'burg-S'umpta July 29
June 29	Seattle	Mauritania	July 24	P'mth-C'burg Aug. 3

TO SEATTLE AND VICTORIA VIA SHANGHAI,

KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

"THE FAST SHORT ROUTE"

PRESIDENT TAFT ... Wednesday, April 20th

PRESIDENT JEFFERSON ... Wednesday, May 18th

PRESIDENT GRANT ... Wednesday, May 24th

PRESIDENT MADISON ... Wednesday, June 1st

PRESIDENT JACKSON ... Wednesday, June 15th

Thereafter Fortnightly Sailings on Wednesdays.

TO EUROPE AND NEW YORK.

VIA MANILA, STRAITS, COLOMBO, SUEZ—

PORT SAID—ALEXANDRIA—NAPLES—

GENOA—MARSEILLES.

Thence to BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

PRESIDENT ADAMS ... Tuesday, Apr. 25th, 8:00 a.m.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD ... Tuesday, May 10th, 8:00 a.m.

PRESIDENT HARRISON ... Tuesday, May 24th, 8:00 a.m.

PRESIDENT MONROE ... Tuesday, June 7th, 8:00 a.m.

PRESIDENT WILSON ... Tuesday, June 21st, 8:00 a.m.

Thereafter Fortnightly Sailings on Tuesdays.

TO MANILA.

PRESIDENT MCKINLEY ... April 18th, 6:00 p.m.

PRESIDENT ADAMS ... April 28th, 8:00 a.m.

PRESIDENT JEFFERSON ... April 28th, 6:00 p.m.

PRESIDENT LINCOLN ... May 2nd, 6:00 p.m.

PRESIDENT GARFIELD ... May 10th, 8:00 a.m.

For Passenger and Freight Rates apply to

ROBERT DOLLAR CO.

GENERAL AGENTS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANK BUILDING (GROUND FLOOR).

Telephone: Central 2477, 2478 & 795.

INDO-CHINA

STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATIONS.

STRAITS & CALCUTTA	... "KUTSANG" ... Saturday, 16th April, at Noon
TSINGTAU via SWATOW	... "YATSEING" ... Sunday, 17th April, at 7 a.m.
TIENSIN	... "CHISHING" ... Monday, 18th April, at daylight
BANGKOK via SINGA	... "KWANGSANG" ... Tuesday, 19th April, at 3 p.m.
OSAKA via AMOI, MOJI & KOBE	... "LAISANG" ... Wednesday, 20th April, at 7 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	... "SUISANG" ... Saturday, 23rd April, at 3 p.m.
TSINGTAU via SWATOW	... "KWONGSANG" ... Sunday, 24th April, at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAU via SWATOW	... "LEESANG" ... Wednesday, 27th April, at 7 a.m.
STRAITS & CALCUTTA	... "NAMANG" ... Thursday, 28th April, at 3 p.m.
TIENSIN	... "CHEONGSHING" ... Friday, 29th April, at 7 a.m.
TSINGTAU via SWATOW & SHANGHAI	... "FOOSHING" ... Sunday, 1st May, at 7 a.m.

For Freight or Passage, apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.,
GENERAL MANAGERS.

TELEPHONE: CENTRAL No. 215.

GLEN LINE.

FARE: HONG KONG TO LONDON £82.

LONDON, ROTTERDAM & HAMBURG via STRAITS & COLOMBO.

Motor Vessel "GLENLUCE"	... 4th May
Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	... 1st June
Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE"	... 29th June
Steamship "PEMBROKESHIRE"	... 27th July

SHANGHAI, KOBE, YOKOHAMA & VLADIVOSTOCK.

Motor Vessel "GLENBEG"	... Due Hong Kong, 15th April
Motor Vessel "GLENLARA"	... 3rd May
Steamship "CARNARVONSHIRE"	... 12th May
Motor Vessel "GLENLARA"	... 26th May
Steamship "PEMBROKESHIRE"	... 9th June

For Freight, Passage and further Particulars, apply to—

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

AGENTS: THE GLEN LINE, LTD.

DODWELL & CO., LTD.

NEW YORK BERTH.

LOADING FOR BOSTON AND NEW YORK VIA SUEZ.

S.S. "KENDAL CASTLE" ... sails on or about 19th April

LLOYD TRIESTINO.

REGULAR MONTHLY PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE

FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE (FIUME).

TAKING CARGO ON THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO
GENOA, ALL ITALIAN, ADRIATIC, LEVANT, BLACK SEA
AND DANUBE PORTS.

REDUCED PASSAGE RATES TO BRINDISI, VENICE OR TRIESTE

BRINDISI, VENICE & TRIESTE ... £72. 10s. 0d.

LONDON ... £80. 0s. 0d.

NEXT SAILINGS.

OUTWARDS FOR SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA, KOBE AND MOJI

S.S. "VENEZIA"	... From Hong Kong, sails on or about 28th April
M.V. "BOMOLO"	... sails on or about 28th May

HOMEWARDS FOR BRINDISI, VENICE AND TRIESTE

M.V. "ESQUILINO"	... From Hong Kong, sails on or about 3rd May
S.S. "VENEZIA"	... sails on or about 31st May
M.V. "BOMOLO"	... sails on or about 28th June

NATAL LINE OF STEAMERS

FROM CALCUTTA AND COLOMBO TO SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

S.S. "UMSINGA"	... Sails from Calcutta 3rd June
S.S. "UMVOLOSI"	... Sails from Calcutta 30th June

Regular Passenger and Cargo Service to South African Ports.

Through Bills of Lading issued from Hong Kong.

For Freight or Passage on any of the above Lines, apply to—

DODWELL & CO., LIMITED.

Telephone: Central 1020.

DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP CO., LIMITED.

HONG KONG & SOUTH CHINA COAST PORT SERVICE.

REGULAR SERVICE of Fast, High Class Coast Steamers. Sailings

subject to alteration without notice.

FOR

SWATOW AMOI & FO

CANADIAN PACIFIC

QUICKEST TIME ACROSS THE PACIFIC.
TO VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER

SAILINGS 1927.

STEAMER	H. Kung Leave	S. H. Lee Leave	Kobe Leave	Y. Hama Leave	V. Conner Arrive
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Apr. 20	Apr. 21	Apr. 22	Apr. 23	May 8
EMPEROR OF ASIA	May 1	May 2	May 3	May 4	May 19
EMPEROR OF CANADA	May 11	May 12	May 13	May 14	May 29
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	June 2	June 3	June 4	June 5	June 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	June 11	June 12	June 13	June 14	June 29
EMPEROR OF CANADA	June 21	June 22	June 23	June 24	July 9
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	July 2	July 3	July 4	July 5	July 20
EMPEROR OF ASIA	July 11	July 12	July 13	July 14	July 29
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Aug. 1	Aug. 2	Aug. 3	Aug. 4	Aug. 19
EMPEROR OF RUSSIA	Aug. 11	Aug. 12	Aug. 13	Aug. 14	Aug. 29
EMPEROR OF ASIA	Sept. 1	Sept. 2	Sept. 3	Sept. 4	Sept. 19
EMPEROR OF CANADA	Sept. 11	Sept. 12	Sept. 13	Sept. 14	Sept. 29

(E/Asia and E/Russia call at Nagasaki day after departure from Shanghai).

RAILWAY TRAVEL DE LUXE

THE TRANS-CANADA LIMITED.

The longest-distance all-sleeping car train on the North American Continent, offers a through unbroken service between the Pacific and Atlantic with no change of cars.

Vancouver to Toronto 83 hours 10 mins.

Vancouver to Montreal 88 1/2 hours.

THE MOUNTAINEER.

A daily solid through train of coaches, standard sleeping cars, dining cars, and compartment observation sleeping cars.

Vancouver to Chicago 83 1/2 hours.

CANADIAN PACIFIC EXPRESS

TRAVELLERS CHECKS PAYABLE THE WORLD OVER.
THE SAFEST AND MOST CONVENIENT WAY TO CARRY FUNDS.

Passenger Department: Tel. C. 752. Cables: "GACANPAC."
Freight and Express: Tel. C. 42. Cables: "NAUTILUS." [15]

N.Y.K. LINE

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

SAN FRANCISCO via Shanghai, Japan Ports & Honolulu.
KOREA MARU ... Sunday, 17th April, at Noon
SEIKYO MARU ... Sunday, 24th April, at Noon
SIBERIA MARU (calls Keelung) ... Sunday, 15th May, at 10 a.m.
* Calls Los Angeles.

SOUTH AMERICA via Japan, Honolulu, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Mexico and Panama.
ANYO MARU ... Thursday, 28th April, at Noon
KOKUYO MARU ... Wednesday, 5th June

MARSEILLES, LONDON, ANTWERP & ROTTERDAM via Ports.
KATORI MARU ... Saturday, 23rd April, at 11 a.m.
ATSUTA MARU ... Saturday, 21st May
KASHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 21st May

SYDNEY & MELBOURNE via Manila & Ports.
AKI MARU ... Saturday, 23rd April
MISHIMA MARU (calls Zamboanga) ... Wednesday, 25th May

NEW YORK and/or BOSTON via PANAMA.
TOBA MARU ... Saturday, 23rd April
LISBON MARU ... Thursday, 5th May

LIVERPOOL via Singapore, Colombo, Port Said & Ports.
DAKAB MARU (calls Saigon) ... Thursday, 12th May

BUENOS AIRES via Singapore, Durban & Cape Town, Delagoa Bay & Algoa Bay.
KANAGAWA MARU ... Saturday, 23rd April

BOMBAY via Singapore, Penang & Colombo.
TOTTORI MARU ... Wednesday, 27th April
BANGOOD MARU ... Saturday, 30th April

CALCUTTA via Singapore, Penang & Bangkok.
PENANG MARU ... Thursday, 21st April
MORIKAWA MARU ... Sunday, 1st May

NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
MISHIMA MARU ... Saturday, 23rd April

SHANGHAI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.
MURORAN MARU (Mojit direct) ... Sunday, 17th April
HAKONE MARU ... Monday, 18th April
TSUSHIMA MARU ... Sunday, 24th April

For further information, apply to—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

Telephone: Central No. 292 (Private exchanges to all Depts.). [7]

HOLLAND EAST ASIA LINE
of the United Netherlands
Navigation Company.

Regular Four-weekly service between
Japan, Vladivostok, China, Hong Kong, Manila, Singapore
and
Genoa, Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Hamburg, Bremen and
North Continental Ports.

SAILINGS FOR EUROPE:

"OUDEKERK" ... 17th April
"SALABANGKA" ... 15th May

ARRIVALS FROM EUROPE:

"OLDEKERK" ... 3rd May
"GEMMA" ... 30th May

All Steamers have a Limited Accommodation for Passengers.
For Freight, Passages and further Particulars, Please Apply to—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN LYN,

Agents, York Building

Telephone: Central No. 1574.

Shipping News

Daily Statement, Waterfront
News, etc.YESTERDAY'S FREIGHT
RETURNS.

LOCAL AND THROUGH
CARGOES POOR
MORE ARRIVALS.

Although freights imported into the Colony during the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday were far below the average, the returns showed a better total than the last two days. Through cargoes had declined considerably as compared with the previous day's returns. The number of arrivals was larger than yesterday.

The Colony's imports of general merchandise amounted to 10,210 tons. Of these, 6,094 tons were discharged from five British vessels. The two best returns were 3,180 tons and 2,013 tons. The former were brought by the s.s. *Apocry* (British) from Saigon. The latter were unloaded from the British vessel *Chip Shing*, from Tientsin and Weihaiwei.

In addition to the above, there were also 2,923 tons of rice imported into Hong Kong.

Through freights were carried by four vessels out of the fourteen arrivals. The total amount manifested was 5,259 tons. Of these, three British steamers accounted for 1,710 tons. The best return was shown by the s.s. *Tjitaroom* (Dutch) from Batavia and Amoy, which carried 3,540 tons.

During the period under review there were 14 arrivals and 14 departures. The nationalities were:—British, 7 arrivals and 2 departures; American, 2 departures; French, 1 arrival and 1 departure; Dutch, 1 arrival; Norwegian, 1 arrival and 1 departure; German, 1 departure; Japanese, 2 arrivals and 2 departures; Chinese, 2 arrivals and 2 departures; Swedish, 2 departures.

The following were the cargo carriers:—

S.S. *Unda* (British) from Singapore and Foochow, 50 tons general, 5,000 bags paraffin wax, 35 drums Benzene, 73 cases benzene and 12,990 tons kerosene for Hong Kong.

S.S. *Chip Shing* (British) from Tientsin and Weihaiwei, 2,013 tons general for Hong Kong and 775 tons for other ports.

S.S. *Wai Shing* (British) from Shanghai and Canton, 380 tons general for other ports.

S.S. *Apocry* (British) from Saigon, 3,160 tons rice and general for Hong Kong.

S.S. *Luchow* (British) from Shanghai and Tientsin, 785 tons general for Hong Kong, and 1,375 tons for Canton.

S.S. *Hanoi* (French) from Haiphong and Port Bayard, 400 tons coal and rice for Hong Kong.

S.S. *Hydrangea* (British) from Port Bayard, 71 tons general and 'bullion' amounting to \$38,000 for Hong Kong.

S.S. *Tjitaroom* (Dutch) from Batavia and Amoy, 110 live pigs for Hong Kong, and 3,540 tons general, and 290 tons for other ports.

S.S. *Strymer* (Norwegian) from Saigon, 2,923 tons rice for Hong Kong.

S.S. *Seiya Maru* (Japanese) from Bombay and Singapore, 316 tons general for Hong Kong.

S.S. *Heng Chong* (Chinese) from Bangkok and Kohsichang, 2,000 tons general for Hong Kong.

(Continued on next Column).

DAILY WATERFRONT NEWS.

JAPANESE CRUISER
ARRIVES.

SEVERAL BIG LINERS AT
KOWLOON WHARVES.

INDO-CHINA TROOPS ON
FRENCH LINER.

[BY LONGSHOREMAN.]

Several big liners came into port yesterday after nine o'clock in the morning, and most of them were docked in their usual places at the Kowloon wharves. The wharves, in the afternoon, presented a very busy scene with passengers disembarking and residents waiting there for friends or relatives. An event which drew many to the wharves was the arrival of French troops on board the French liner *Chenonceau*. The vessel was from Marseilles and had on board men from Indo-China bound for Shanghai.

The Late Arrivals.

There were seven arrivals after the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday. S.S. *Takliwa* (British) from Calcutta and Singapore. S.S. *President Jackson* (American) from Manila. S.S. *General Metinger* (French) from Yokohama and Shanghai. S.S. *Chenonceau* from Marseilles and Saigon. S.S. *Yoku Maru* (Japanese) from Miki. S.S. *Kaigo Maru* (Japanese) from Keelung and Swatow. S.S. *Derwent* (Chinese) from Singapore.

These steamers brought altogether 2,156 deck passengers, 3,294 tons of general cargoes and 4,972 tons of coal for Hong Kong. They also manifested 10,355 tons of general merchandise for other ports. The s.s. *Takliwa* reported two deaths had taken place during the voyage.

Japanese Cruiser.

The usual salute were exchanged shortly after 1.30 p.m. yesterday when the second class Japanese cruiser *Oi* came into port from Formosa. Whether she will remain long in this harbour, or proceed to the North was not stated.

The "Tjitaroom".

Apart from the fact that salvage work was proceeding favourably, no further information could be obtained from the local offices of the Java-China-Japan Lijn in regard to the s.s. *Tjitaroom* which lies aground at Lingling Island.

Heavy Fog Reported.

Heavy fog was reported by vessels arriving into port yesterday both to seaward and at the Delta.

It took the s.s. *Su An* fifteen hours to reach Hong Kong from Haiphong. She arrived here yesterday morning at 7.30 and after two hours' stay, she sailed for Macao in order to keep to her schedule, but unfortunately she had to return to port after an hour's run finding that navigation was impossible.

Harbour Office Closed For Easter.

The Harbour Office will be closed all day on Friday. The Entrance and Clearance Office will be open from 10 a.m. to noon on Saturday and Monday, and the Junk Office from 11 a.m. to noon on the same days.

(Continued on next Column).

S.S. *Hai Yen* (Chinese) from Haiphong and Pokhri, 1,500 tons general for Hong Kong.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

Devanah (P. & O.), due to-morrow.

Diomed (Blue Funnel), due April 18th.

Elpenor (Blue Funnel), due April 25th.

Empress of Asia (C.P.R.), due April 25th.

Empress of Russia (C.P.R.), due April 18th at 9 a.m.

Fulda (Melchers), due May 31st.

Glenbly (Jardine), due to-day.

Glenara (Jardine), due May 1st.

Janus (B.I. & Apear), due to-morrow.

Japan (Swed. E.A. Co.), due April 19th.

Jeppore (P. & O.), due April 16th, about 8 p.m.

Kashmir (P. & O.), due May 12th.

Khiva (P. & O.), due April 16th, about 5 p.m.

Ki Companion (Blue Funnel), due to-morrow.

Manitua (P. & O.), due May 28th.

Marseilles (P. & O.), due May 10th.

Morca (P. & O.), due April 28th.

Nellor (P. & O.), due to-day.

Nyanza (P. & O.), due April 28th.

Phemius (Blue Funnel), due May 8th.

Prentiss (Jebben), due May 19th.

Saraland (Hamburg-America Linie), due to-day.

Sargodon (Blue Funnel), due May 23th.

Schweben (Melchers), due April 21st.

Tanda (E. & A.), due May 7th.

Tilawa (B.I. & Apear), due April 23rd.

China Merchants' Vessels Sailing Again.

The steamship service of the China Merchants' Steam Navigation Co., which has been suspended since December 23d of last year, as a protest against the seizure of the company's ships by the Chinese military authorities at Nanking and Canton, was resumed on Thursday last.

The str. *Sing Kiangteen* left Shanghai at 5 p.m. on that date and the str. *Kiangyong* left for river ports early on Saturday morning.

Dangerous Goods.

The A.P.C. steamer *Unda* arriving here yesterday from Singapore and Foochow brought the following dangerous cargoes into port:—35 drums and 75 cases of benzene, and 13,990 tins of kerosene.

Miscellaneous.

Bullion to the amount of \$28,000 was brought into Hong Kong by the s.s. *Hydrangea* from Port Bayard yesterday. The s.s. *Tjitaroom* brought 110 live pigs from Amoy.

Chinese Passengers' Entry.

The returns for the 24 hours ended at 9 a.m. yesterday, showed that 1,043 Chinese passengers had entered into the Colony. This is an increase over the last two days' returns most of the passengers were from Amoy.

Shipping Movements.

The P. & O. Co.'s s.s. *Nellor* left Singapore for this port on the 9th inst., at 8 a.m., with the outward mail, and is due here at 8 o'clock this (Thursday) morning. The P. & O. Co.'s s.s. *Devanah* left Shanghai for this port on the 12th inst. at 4.30 p.m., and is due here on the 15th inst. at about 6 a.m.

The B.I. s.s. *Takliwa* will leave for Amoy, Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama to-morrow (Friday) about 6 a.m.

BANK LINE LTD.
AGENTS, FOR

ELLERMAN & BUCKNALL S.S. CO., LTD.

SAILINGS SUBJECT TO ALTERATION WITHOUT NOTICE.

UNITED KINGDOM & CONTINENT

S.S. "CITY OF WELLINGTON" ... Havre, Rotterdam & Hamburg ... 5th May.

S.S. "CITY OF PEKIN" ... Havre, London, & Hamburg ... 5th June.

AUSTRALIA

Sailings from SINGAPORE on 8th of every month by "CITY OF PALERMO" or "CITY OF SPARTA" to Java, Fremantle, Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney and vice versa.

Through Freight and Passenger bookings from Hong Kong in conjunction with "Ellerman" Line or other services.

BOSTON, NEW YORK & BALTIMORE

S.S. "CITY OF DUNKIRK" ... via Suez Canal ... 19th April.

ALSO AGENTS FOR

ANDREW WEIR & CO.

SERVICES TO

BOSTON & NEW YORK

M.V. "FORRESBANK" ... via Suez Canal ... 22nd May.

MAURITIUS & SOUTH AFRICA

S.S. "TINHOW" ... From Hong Kong ... 25th April.

Loading for Mauritius, Delagoa Bay, Durban, East Elizabeth, Mossel Bay and Capetown.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Beira, Quilimane, Ibo, Port Amelia, Moza-ibique, Obinda, Inhambane, Zanzibar, Mombassa, Kilindini, Port Nolloth, Luderitz Bay, Walvis Bay and Madagascar.

For Freight or passage on any of the above lines apply to—

Telephone: Central 4791.

THE BANK LINE, LTD.

P. & O., British India
Apcar and
Eastern & Australian
Lines

(COMPANIES INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND).
MAIL AND PASSENGER STEAMERS
TAKING CARGO FOR

STRAITS, JAVA, BURMA, CEYLON, INDIA, PERSIAN GULF,
WEST INDIES, MADAGASCAR, EAST & SOUTH AFRICA,
AUSTRALASIA, INCLUDING NEW ZEALAND & QUEENSLAND,
LAND PORTS, RED SEA, EGYPT, CONSTANTINOPLE,
GREECE, LEVANTINE PORTS, EUROPE, ETC.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL FORTNIGHTLY
DIRECT ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.
(UNDER CONTRACT WITH H.M. GOVERNMENT.)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"DEVANHA"	5,155	15th April, Noon	Marseilles, London, Antwerp & Hull
"ALFORD"	5,273	1st April	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & S. Bay.
"MALWA"	10,980	30th April	Marseilles and London.
"DELTA"	8,097	3rd May	India, Colombo and London.
"LAHORE"	8,253	11th May	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"NELLORE"	8,253	11th May	Singapore, Penang, Colombo, S. Bay, and Karachi.
"KHIVA"	9,138	14th May	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"JEYPORE"	8,318	20th May	Marseilles, London & Antwerp.
"NYANZA"	7,033	23rd May	Singapore, Penang, Colombo & S. Bay.
"MOREA"	10,198	28th May	Marseilles and London.
"KASHMIR"	9,036	11th June	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"MANITUA"	10,932	18th June	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KALYAN"	9,144	2nd July	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"MACDONALD"	11,120	23rd July	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KASHGAN"	9,036	8th Aug.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"RAWALPINDI"	10,619	20th Aug.	Marseilles, London and Antwerp.
"KARMALA"	9,123	3rd Sept.	Marseilles, London, & Antwerp

Frequent connections from Port Said for Passengers and Cargo to Constantinople, Piræus, Smyrna, and other Levant Ports by steamers of the Khedivial Mail Steamship Co.

BRITISH INDIA-APCAR SAILINGS

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"JANUS"	4,824	19th April	Singapore, Penang and Calcutta
"TALMA"	10,000	24th April	do.
"TILAWA"	10,000	29th April	do.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN SAILINGS (SOUTH)

Steamship	Tons	From Hongkong (about)	Destination
"ARAFURA"	6,000	29th April	Manila, Sandakan, Lolo, Thursday Island, Townsville, Brisbane, Sydney and Melbourne.
"TANDA"	5,955	3rd June	do.
"ST. ALBANS"	5,500	1st July	do.
"ARAFURA"	6,000	29th July	do.

Regular Monthly Sailings from Hong Kong to Japan & Hong Kong to Australia. The P. & O. S.S. Co., Ltd., steamers will also call at Shanghai, Hanoi, Cebu, Kolambogun, Iwaco, Timor, Darwin, or other ports en route as indicated on the shipping schedule.

Frequent connections from Australia with the following:—The Union S.S. Co.'s Steamers to the United Kingdom via New Zealand, Vancouver, San Francisco, etc.

The P. & O. Royal Mail Steamers to London via Suez Canal.

The P. & O. Branch Service of Steamers to London via the Cape.

The New Zealand Shipping Co.'s Steamers for Southampton and London via Panama Canal.

SAILINGS TO SHANGHAI AND JAPAN

"TAKLIWA"	7,936	15th April, 6 a.m.	Moji, Kobe, Osaka & Yokohama
"NELLORE"	6,853	15th April, 6 a.m.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"KHIVA"	9,136	17th April, 6 a.m.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"JETRORE"	7,643	18th April, 6 a.m.	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"LANTULA"	7,784	22nd April	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"NYLANZA"	7,023	22nd April	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"MOREKA"	10,363	23rd April	Shanghai, Moji and Kobe.
"TANDA"	6,356	8th May	Moji, Kobe, Osaka and Yokohama

